Pittsburgh Gazette.

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FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE CAPITAL.

Resignation of a Supervisor—Commencement and Terminus of Pacific Railroad Determined—Customs Receipts at Different Points—Vincent Collyer's Report of His Visit to the Indians—The Elections in Mississippi and Texas.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 13, 1869.

The Internal Revenue receipts to-day were $820,000.

Secretary Boutwell this forenoon received a telegram from Gen. Osborne, recently appointed Supervisor for Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut, declining the appointment.

L. T. Adams, of New York, has been appointed Consul at Malta.

Attorney General Hoar has decided that the commencement of the main line of the Pacific Railroad is at the one hundredth meridian of latitude, west from Greenwich, and terminates at the eastern boundary of California.

The Great Decatur cotton case, involving the value of one thousand five hundred bales of cotton, has just been decided against the Government at Memphis, Tenn. Secretary Boutwell telegraphed to-day to the United States Counsel at that city to carry the case up, either to the United States Supreme or the United States Circuit Court, on appeal or writ of error.

The following are the customs receipts at the ports named from July 1 to July 10, inclusive: Boston, $444,683; New York, $2,944,400; Philadelphia, $253,370; Baltimore, $202,798, New Orleans, June 21 to July 3, $141,393; San Francisco, June 11 to June 30, $266,224. Total, $4,252,863.

Secretary Boutwell has re-appointed T. J. Kinsolla special agent of the Treasury Department. This is the gentleman who recently investigated the New Orleans customs frauds.

Vincent Collyer, Secretary to the United States Indian Commission, organized at Cooper Institute a year ago, says he visited and closely inspected thirty-one tribes in their wigwams and native homes, numbering nearly sixty-six thousand souls, located in Kansas, the Indian Territory, Texas, New Mexico, Arizona and Colorado. Some of the tribes are the most warlike and troublesome in the country; others are more civilized. Among them all he was received, and in many cases with marked hospitality. In nearly all the tribes visited school teachers and farming tools were found, and in all the journey he did not see a case of drunkenness, witness a scene of violence, or hear a blasphemous word by an Indian. He believes that with patient efforts all the tribes can be civilized, and that in less than two years we will have heard the last of Indian outrage. A deep religious feeling pervaded nearly all of their conversations and councils.

Notwitstanding the repeated efforts to induce the President to fix an early day for the elections in Mississippi and Texas, there seems to be no doubt he will designate the Fourth Tuesday of November as the time for holding said elections. Nothing was said on the subject in Cabinet meeting to-day.

NEW YORK CITY.

Rumored Escape of Col. Ryan with His Cuban Filibusters—Proposed Celebration of the Completion of the Pacific Railroad—A Heavy Suit—Testimonial to Ex-Treasurer Van Dyck.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 13, 1869.

A rumor is current in the United States Marshal's office, that Col. Ryan and his men succeeded in running the blockade of Gardiner's Island, last night, and are on the way to Cuba. No official information has been received, but the report is quite generally credited.

A card, numerously signed by leading brokers and bankers, business men, hotel proprietors, etc., of this city, is published, recommending a suitable national expression in commemoration of the completion of the Pacific Railroad, by a National Convention of delegates representing railroads, boards of trade and commercial exchanges, to be supplemented with a great gathering of the people, musical festival, military parade, etc.

The trial of the suit of Otis P. Jewett against Peter Cooper and others was commenced in the Supreme Court today. Jewett, who was formerly President of the New York, New Foundland and London Telegraph Company, claims that he is entitled to $2,500,000 stock in that Company.

The employes in the Sub-Treasury here have presented Mr. Van Dyck, retiring Assistant Treasurer, with an elegant rosewood escretoire, valued at five hundred dollars, as a testimonial of esteem, etc. The correspondence on the occasion is grateful and complimentary.

Woman's Suffrage Convention.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

SARATOGA, N. Y., July 13.—The afternoon session of the Woman's Suffrage Convention was addressed by Mrs. Sarah F. Norton, of New York, after which Mrs. M. E. J. Gage was made permanent president, with thirty-six vice presidents. The Committee on Platform reported a serious of resolutions, declaring the question of woman's suffrage the great moral and political question of the day; that the right of every human being to share in the Government under which he lives should be recognized by that Government; claim for woman her right of suffrage as a human being denying the right of man to define her sphere, and emphatically denying the right of one sex to define the rights of and duties of another sex; gladly recognizes the action of the Irish Republican National Conventions at Washington and Chicago, and rejoice at the course of the Methodist Episcopal Church in the admission of women to vote on lay delegation; demand an amendment of the Constitution of the United States to secure the right of female suffrage, and invite the co-operation of every man and woman, irrespective of creed, color or nationality, in securing such an amendment. The session will close to-morrow.

At the evening session addresses were made by Mrs. Gage and Miss Anthony.

CHINESE LABOR.

The Convention at Memphis—Preliminary Proceedings.

[By Telegraph the to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

MEMPHIS, July 13.—The Chinese Labor Convention was called to order at 11 o'clock, in Greenlow Opera House, by W. H. Cherry, President of the Chamber of Commerce. After prayer by Rev. Tuggle, Charles Kortrecht was chosen temporary Chairman, and responded in a brief address, setting forth the objects of the Convention, and showing the great necessity for cheap labor in order to develop the resources of the country. Col. Leon Treusdale was chosen temporary Secretary.

A committee of one from each State represented was appointed to report on permanent organization as follows: South Carolina, D. C. Green; Tennessee, E. M. Apperson; Mississippi, General Miller; Georgia, Dr. G. F. Taber; Alabama, Col. Gus Henry; Louisiana, Judge Sutton; Arkansas, T. C. Flourney; Missouri, J. M. Davis; California, C. W. Wicker; Kentucky, D. G. Reed.

J. W. Clapp, of Memphis, then delivered an address, in which he denied the object of the meeting was antagonistic to white or black labor, but showed that in England the proportion of area was six acres to every laborer, while in eleven Southern States it was twenty-six acres.

The Committee on Permanent Organization reported for permanent Chairman Gov. Isham G. Harris, of Tennessee, who, on taking the chair, briefly responded, saying they had met for action and not for talking.

A long list of Vice Presidents and Secretaries were then announced. A Committee of five was appointed on order of business, as follows: Judge Sutton, of Louisiana; Gus. A. Henry, Alabama; Robertson Tapp, Tennessee; J. C. Flourney, Arkansas; Mr. Speers, Mississippi.

After some unimportant business, the Committee reported the following order of business: *First*. Committee to consider the most practical means of inducing labor from China or India, as the population is best suited to our climate, of which J. W. Clapp was appointed Chairman.

After the appointment of Committees on Transportation, Finance and Immigration, a telegram was received from St. Louis, stating that Koopmanship would be here to-morrow, the Convention adjourned until ten o'clock to-morrow.

The meeting is very large and represents the capital of the Southwest. Delegates are constantly arriving.

—Mr. C. Koopmanship, from San Francisco in five days, arrived at St. Louis yesterday and left to attend the Chinese Labor Convention at Memphis. Mr. K. is a Hollander by birth, but is an old resident of California, where he has performed an important part in that State during the last ten years in the importation of Coolie laborers from Asia to the Pacific Coast. In that time he has made six voyages to China, bringing over in his several expeditions, in person or by deputy, not less than fifty thousand Chinamen, who have settled in different parts of California. He also supplied about ten thousand Coolies to the Central Pacific Railroad Company. He says the Chinamen who are now on the Pacific Coast are receiving as much or more in the way of monthly wages than they can hope to get in the Southern States, and that the demand which the Memphis Convention is about to inaugurate must be met by new importations of Coolies, direct from their Asiatic homes. If the wages fixed upon at Memphis be satisfactory, he will engage to enter at once largely into the business of bringing them across the Pacific Ocean and thence direct to the Southern lands.

The Saengerbund at Baltimore.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

BALTIMORE, July 13.—There was a general rehearsal this morning at Maryland Institute by all the societies, preparatory to the concert to-night at the same place. Over seven thousand persons engage in singing to-night.

After the conclusion of the prize singing, last night, a number of entertainments and balls took place in various parts of the city in honor of the visiting societies. The Germania Maennerchor, of Baltimore, gave a banquet, at which the societies from Richmond, Va., Columbus, O., New York, and Cincinnati, O., were present.

The judges of the prize singing last night, appointed by the executive committee of the Saengerbund, were Professors H. Easchou, Tilman, Szemelanqui, Rosewald, and Mueller. Their decision and award is not yet made public.

The rehearsal and concert to-day were over crowded and successes in every regard. In the afternoon there was a meeting of delegates for the 12th Saengerfest, which takes place at New York in 1871. Many resolutions were passed in regard to the organization of a special bund, also one thanking Mr. Steinback and different committees for the care taken of singers from other cities.

At the concert the grand choruses were performed by the invited singers from twelve hundred to fourteen hundred strong, and were much applauded. To-morrow and the following day will be devoted to pic-nics and amusements at the grounds of the Schutzen Club.

Flood in the Colorado—Towns Submerged—Loss of Life.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

GALVESTON, July 13.—Dispatches from Columbus, Texas, say the Colorado river is higher than ever known before. The water rose forty-seven feet and eight inches, but is now falling slowly. The whole valley is entirely under water, and the crops are destroyed. The railroad between Alleytown and Columbus is washed away for several hundred yards, and is badly damaged between Eagle Lake and Alleytown. A number of persons have been drowned below Columbus. Alleytown is six feet under water. Dead bodies have been seen floating past there, Water Cut Off, Dunnovants and other plantations. At Eagle Lake the occupants are supposed to have perished. At La Grange the water is still four feet on the public square. It is rumored Castrop and Weberville have been washed away and many lives lost. The latter towns are situated on lower lands than La Grange. The Brazos is very high and is still rising.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

Irish Church Disestablishment Bill Passed by the House of Lords—Serious Collision Between Sheffield Miners—The Crisis in France—The French Cable—Decisive Battle Between the Allies and Paraguayans—Bishop Punished in Austria—New Constitution Promulgated in Servia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, July 13.—The debate on the Irish Church bill was resumed in the House of Lords last evening. Earl Clarency moved the bill be read a third time three months hence. He opened the debate in a speech in support of his motion. He admitted the verdict of the country in the late elections was favorable to the bill, but the details were then unknown to the people. He believed if the matter be tested now the bill would be rejected.

Earl Derby said, beyond opposing of the second reading, he had contented himself by giving a silent vote. His objections to the bill were not removed. He was opposed on principle to disestablishment and disendowment. Even with the amendments introduced the established church was left with a miserable pittance, absolutely insufficient for her purpose. He would vote for the amendments, if pressed, but he advised their withdrawal, so as to throw the responsibility of the rejected reasonable amendments on the Commons. He hoped the Lords would firmly resist all attempts of the Commons to modify amendments.

Further discussion ensued, after which Earl Clarency's amendment was withdrawn.

Earl Derby announced his intention to submit a protest against the bill.

The bill was then read a third time and the question recurred, shall the bill pass?

Earl Devon moved as an amendment the omission of the clause permitting Bishops to be retained in their seats, and spoke in favor of his motion.

Earl De Grey, on the part of the Government, supported the amendment.

Lord Cairns opposed any alteration of amendments. He thought it no greater anomaly to allow Bishops to retain their seats than the bill itself, which is altogether an anomaly and full of novelties.

Earl Carnavorn supported the amendment. He urged the point that the Bishops be allowed to keep their seats. The substance would have gone, but the shadow would be retained. He thought it better that the measure be final and complete.

Lord Hatherly urged the inconsistency of the retention of seats to the Bishops, when the qualification was gone.

After further discussion the Lords divided with the following result: For the amendment 180, against 82.

The announcement was greeted with continued cheering from the Ministerial benches.

Earl Stanhope moved the insertion of a proviso for furnished residences and glebes for Catholic and Presbyterian clergy, and introduced the principle of concurrent endowment.

Lord Houghton thought the requirement produced the impression that Ireland was to give religious equality. The bill did not. He would support the proposal for concurrent endowment.

Duke Somerset thought the bill ought to be liberal to Catholics and Protestants. What the bill wanted throughout was a little generosity. The Commons in their amendments professed to give generosity, but unfortunately their liberality was all one-sided. He supported the motion.

Earl Kimberly opposed the motion on the ground that it was contrary to the pledges given by the Liberal Party at the general election.

Earl Granard also opposed the amendment. The Catholic hierarchy was not prepared to accept state endowments. It was impossible for Catholics to vote for the motion, except at the expense of consistency and good faith. What such Catholics wanted was disestablishment and disendowment of the established Church, and social and political equality in place of a system of ascendancy which ostracised Catholics and deprived the Irish of all local government.

Earl Dunroon said the hopes of the Catholics had been much disappointed by the character which the bill had assumed. Instead of being a measure of disestablishment and disendowment, it was a measure of disestablishment and re-endowment. He urged the point that Parliament would never remove discontent or retain the confidence of the Irish people, but by a *bona fide* measure, guaranteeing perfect religious equality.

Earl Russell supported the motion. He favored religious equality in Ireland, but without the principle of concurrent endowment the present bill does not give it.

Lord Westbury had not voted for the second reading of the bill, out of deference to public opinion. He thought at last the election question was not sufficiently understood to enable the country to dictate to the Legislature. He thought the present constitution of the church was a great evil. He would favor any measure of beneficent reform. He regarded the present time as the opportunity to send forth a message of peace and religious equality, and he would regret if this opportunity to restore peace were lost, through the bigotry of one party or the high spirit of the other, which induced them to disclaim concurrent endowment, pronounce it a sin to do anything for a religious sect which comprises nineteen-twentieths of the Christian world. He thought unless they were, equipoised and balanced by equal benefit to the Catholics the Lords' amends were unjust.

Earl Granville opposed the motion. The feelings of the constituencies were against any proposal for levelling. The adoption of the motion would only cause embarrassment.

Lord Cairns opposed the motion, believing the system of indiscriminate endowment unsuited for the position of Ireland.

After further debate the Lords divided with the following result: For amendment 121, against 114.

The principle of concurrent endowment was then agreed to.

The bill then passed.

Lord Redesdale presented Earl Derby's protest, and then at a late hour their Lordships adjourned.

LONDON, July 13.—A collision occurred at Sheffield to-day between two parties of miners, one belonging to the Union and the other consisting of anti-Union men. The fighting was severe and many were injured, one fatally.

The *Star* to-day says: "The intervention of America has undoubtedly helped to prolong the insurrection in Cuba. The Government, it is true, has resolutely declined to be led into acts of open hostility to Spain, but the Lairds of America have contrived in some instances to outwit it. This does not exculpate England, but shows that the faults of which she is accused may be committed by another nation at the very time it is exacting redress from them."

FRANCE.

PARIS, July 12.—As predicted would be the case in previous dispatches, the Emperor, Louis Napoleon, yielded his assent to the demand of the legislative bodies, the nature of which has been already stated. The change in the Ministry has not been yet announced, but the reorganization of the Cabinet within a short time is certain. Throughout the whole of this crisis the Emperor has exercised his usual tact and shrewdness. He invited nearly all the Deputies in the Corps Legislatif to a dinner and soiree at St. Cloud, this week. He has chatted pleasantly with many of them, of all shades of opinion, giving expression to many of those piquant sayings so attractive to Frenchmen. For instance: To one by whom he has been taken by the button-hole he said, "Ah! Monsieur Buffet, you mean to take hold of my coat for fear I may pull back." To a group of several with whom he was conversing on the situation, he said, "You begin to treat me like the old lion in the fable, trying to cut my nails, and take out my teeth and leave me nothing but my mane, which is considered harmless." To others he said: "The elections clearly prove that I must choose between empire and revolution, between neither can individuals be set up." To others he said: "I will give full satisfaction to the liberal aspirations of all parties, but I have decided to cease concessions at the boundaries prescribed in the constitution." While the Emperor's conduct for the past few days is regarded as adroit, it is not considered as likely to stop the agitation for further concessions.

PARIS, July 13.—It is officially announced that the Senate will be convoked for August second, that the session of the Corps Legislatif will be immediately prorogued, and that the resignations of Ministers have been accepted, but they will continue to hold office until their successors are appointed.

BREST, July 13.—A dispatch from the Great Eastern, dated 12th, announces her arrival off Miquelon, but a dense fog prevailed, in consequence of which she had, as yet, been unable to find the shore end of the Cable, with which to make the splice in deep sea. The Cable will probably be cut and buoyed to prevent acident until the fog clears up.

Later.—The cable has been cut and buoyed. No communication has been received through it since last night.

SOUTH AMERICA.

LISBON, July 13.—The South American steamer has arrived, bringing dates from Rio Janeiro to the 16th ult. It was reported at Rio that the allied forces had fought a decisive battle with the Paraguayans and achieved a complete victory.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA July 13.—Bishop Linse has been convicted before the Civil Court of uttering doctrines subversive of public order, and has been sentenced to three months' imprisonment.

SERVIA.

BELGRADE, July 13.—The new Constitution has been promulgated, and is received with much enthusiasm by the people.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, July 13.—Consols for money, 93⅛. Five-twenty Bonds in London, 81¾; Frankfort, 87⅞@87. Erie, 18½; Illinois, 95½.

LIVERPOOL, July 13.—Cotton market active; middling uplands, 12½. Orleans, 13@13¾; sales 12,000 bales. California white Wheat, 10s. 8d; red western, No. 2, 9s. 4d. Western Flour 24s. Corn: No. 2 mixed, 26s. 9d., new; 29s., old. Oats, 36d. Peas, 38s. 3d. Pork, 99s. Beef, 90s. Lard, 71s. Cheese, 63s. Bacon, 62s. Common Rosin, 4s. 9d; fine, 16s. Spirits Petroleum, 7d; refined, 1s. 6¼d. Tallow, 45s. Turpentine, 27s. Linseed Oil, 32s. Cakes, £10. 2s.

LONDON, July 13.—Tallow, 45s. 3d. Sperm Oil, 92s. Sugar, 37s. 9d. Whale Oil, 40s. Calcutta Linseed, 61s. 6d. Linseed Oil, £32. 1s.

ANTWERP, July 13.—Petroleum is quoted at 49½f.

FRANKFORT, July 13.—Five-twenties closed at 86⅞.

PARIS, July 13.—Bourse strong; rentes 70 francs, 57 centimes.

HAVRE, July 13.—Cotton closed easier on spot and afloat.

The Late Flood in Kansas.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LEAVENWORTH, July 13.—The *Times and Conservative* publishes a full report of the great flood at Paoli, Kansas. Only two deaths by drowning are known to have occurred. The loss of property is very great. Three streams near Paoli rose in a few hours thirty feet, carrying off houses, mills, fences, and everything capable of floating. Paoli looked like an island in a lake. Two county bridges were swept away, and many hogs and cattle drowned. Crops on the bottom lands suffered severely. The flood subsided on Monday nearly as rapidly as it rose. Many heroic deeds were performed in saving the lives of those in peril.

The Weather.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, July 13.—Weather fair; thermometer 95 degrees at noon.

LOUISVILLE, July 13.—This has been undoubtedly the warmest day of the season. The thermometer at 3 o'clock P. M. ruled as high as 98.

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION.

[Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HARRISBURG, July 13, 1869.

The Democratic Convention, which assembles to-morrow in this city, promises to prove one of the very best attended ever held. The enthusiasm for the various candidates is great, but whosoever is nominated, the heartiest support will be awarded. The Cass men are quite confident that Hancock's withdrawal, which is in the hands of J. Randall, will throw the election to him. However, the Packer men are on the alert for chances, and will give stout fight. The mere fact that Cass is a western man, is the most damaging, as the sections east of the mountains are naturally prejudiced against Radical Allegheny.

E. P. K.

BREIF TELEGRAMS.

—William Winthrop, United States Consul at Malta, is dead.

—A colored educational convention will meet at Louisville, Ky., to-day.

—The Third Reformed Church on Filbert street, Philadelphia, was damaged $10,000 by fire, yesterday.

—Arrangements have been concluded for the immediate construction of a bridge over the Missouri at Leavenworth, Kansas.

—A complimentary banquet was given to Hon. Henry T. Blow, at St. Louis, last night, on the eve of his departure to assume the duties of Minister in Brazil.

—John Peach, shoemaker, in the employ of a Mr. Harrington, on Staten Island, on Monday, while in a state of drunkenness entered the chamber of Emma, a beautiful daughter of Mr. H., aged fifteen years, and killed her, cutting her throat from ear to ear.

—The walls of the coal depot of the Troy Gas Company, at Troy, N. Y., fell in yesterday morning, from the weight of coal, and falling upon retorts a fire was kindled. Fortunately, it was extinguished before the flames attained much headway. Loss, $5,000 to $10,000.

—The New York State Temperance Convention met at Saratoga, yesterday, and passed resolutions urging Temperance men to vote for none but Temperance men for office, and that they should demand of the next Legislature a law allowing the majority of voters in any city or town to prohibit sales of intoxicating liquors.

—In the Bowery, New York, Monday evening, a sharp riot occurred between a party of Orangemen, who had been celebrating the anniversary of the battle of the Boyne, and some Catholic spectators. The mill became fierce and general at one time, but the police managed to restore quiet after twenty or thirty persons had been injured—none serious.

—The sugars under seizure at New Orleans have been appraised on a gold basis. Nearly $200,000 in bonds will be required on the same basis. Custom officers express the opinion that the parties will not be able to furnish the required bonds. A large number of cigars have been seized by Collector Stockdale in the last few days. About 100,000 belonging to one of the largest cigar importers in the city were seized yesterday.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

BUFFALO, July 13.—Receipts—43,000 bushels wheat, 68,000 bushels corn, 24,000 bushels oats, and 2,600 barrels flour. Shipments—64,000 bushels wheat, 3,000 bushels corn, and 9,000 bushels oats. Freights are held at 13c for wheat, 11c for corn, and 7½c for oats to New York. Flour dull and easier, with sales of 300 barrels No. 2 city ground spring at $6,25. Wheat is quiet and unsettled, with sales of early No. 2 Chicago at $1,36, and No. 2 Milwaukee Club at $1,37½, the latter at $1,38@1,39 repectively at the close; No. 2 spring is held at $1,37@1,38, without buyers; sales were made of No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1,42, but the transactions were light. Corn is quiet and steady, with sales of 50,000 bushels No. 1 western, part yellow, at 85c, and No. 2 is held at 83@84c, without buyers. Oats; sales of 500 bushels at 75c. Rye neglected. Barley nominal. Pork steady at $33. Lard steady at 19c. Highwines are nominal at 98c@$1, as to quality.

OSWEGO, July 13.—Flour dull and unchanged, with sales 10,000 bbls at $7@7,25 for No. 1 spring; $7,50@7.75 for amber winter; $8,25@8,50 for white; $9@9,25 for double extra. Wheat in good demand and held above the views of buyers; sales 1,500 bush No. 1 Milwaukee club at $1,47, and amber Michigan at $1,52. Corn—sales 5,000 bush No. 1 in lots at 87c. Corn Meal at $1,75 per cwt. Mill Feed firm; shorts at $20; ship stuffs at $23, and middlings at $28 per ton. Canal Freights—wheat 8¾c, corn 7¾c to New York, and lumber $4.50 to Hudson. Railroad Freights—flour to Boston 68c, to New York 58c, and to Albany 50c. Lake imports—5,800 bush wheat, 975,000 feet lumber. Canal exports—30,000 bush wheat, 1,469,000 feet lumber.

NEW ORLEANS, July 13.—Cotton; middlings 32½c; sales of 21 bales; receipts, 70 bales. Gold 137. Exchange Sterling 150¾. New York Sight ½ premium. Flour: superfine $6,00, double extra $6,50, and treble extra $6,62. Corn: white $1,10 @1,12. Oats 77@78c. Bran $1,10. Hay; prime $27. Pork $34. Bacon dull at 14¾c, 18¼@18¾c. Lard; tierce 19½@20c. Sugar firm; common 10@11c, and prime 13½@13¾c. Molasses nominal Whisky $1,05@1,10. Coffee 14½@15½c.

CHICAGO, July 13.—At the open board in the afternoon the grain markets were moderately active, with prices firmer and a shade higher; No. 2 spring Wheat selling at $1,28½@1,30 seller the month; No. 2 Corn 78½@80½c seller the month. Provisions and freights neglected. In the evening Wheat sold at $1,29¼ seller the month, and No. 2 Corn was offered at 80c seller the month, and 80¼c seller last half.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., July 13.—Beef Cattle: receipts, 315 head; sales of extra at $12,50, first quality $12,00@12,25, second quality, $11,00@11,50, third quality $9,00@10,75. Sheep and lambs: receipts of 3,625 head; the market improved slightly; sales of sheep at $4,00@9,50; spring lambs, $4,00@5,00; veal calves, $3,00@15,00.

NASHVILLE, July 13.—There was nothing doing in the Cotton market to-day. Wheat; prices are firmer. Flour; sales were made of choice family at $7@8 per barrel.

COUNCIL MEETINGS.

Birmingham Council — Adjourned Meeting.

Birmingham Council held an adjourned meeting last evening, at Burgess Salisbury's office. The object of the meeting was to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of George Smith, late Borough Constable.

Members present—Messrs. Redman, McIlwain, Schwarm, Ward, Oliver and Burgess Salisbury, who presided.

The Clerk of Council was absent, and Mr. Oliver was elected clerk *pro tem.*

The Burgess stated that the election of Borough Constable was first in order. He then enumerated a list of applicants.

On motion, Council proceeded to nominate candidates for constable.

Messrs. Hosea Husted, Philip Demmel, Wm. McCully, Peter Greot, John Duff and G. F. Vogel, were nominated, when the nominations closed.

The election was, on motion, to be determined by marking. It resulted as follows: P. Demmel received four votes, H. Husted one, and the other candidates none. Mr. Demmel was declared elected.

On motion of Mr. Schwarm, the Burgess was authorized to prepare a bail bond, upon which the officer elect should obtain the proper surety for a faithful performance of his duties, having done which, the Burgess would administer to him the oath.

On motion of Mr. Ward, a warrant was ordered for fifty dollars in favor of Mr. Patterson, Borough Regulator, on account of services rendered.

A petition from Plunkett & Co., for the privilege of paving the sidewalk in front of their glass works, with cobble stones, was read. On motion of Mr. Schwarm the petition was granted, the work to be done under the supervision of the Street Commissioner.

East Birmingham Council.

A monthly meeting of East Birmingham Council was held last evening in their chamber on Sarah street, Burgess Ammon presiding.

The following members were present: Messrs. Miller, Jones, Walters and Foell.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

On motion, the bills for the month were laid over until the next regular meeting, not having been before the Finance Committee for examination.

Mr. Walters moved that the Street Commissioner be authorized to make all needed repairs and extend, if necessary, the culvert on Mrs. Wharton's property on Ormsby street. Carried.

Various crossings in the borough were reported as being below grade, and on motion the Street Committee was instructed to have them filled in.

A petition was presented by Mr. Jones, Chairman of the Street Committee, from Thos. W. Briggs, Esq., President of the Monongahela Valley Railroad Company, asking Council to adopt an ordinance providing a right of way over Mary street. Accepted and action postponed for the present.

It was recommended by the Borough Regulator that the culvert on Railroad street be repaired, widened, &c. The Street Committee favored the recommendation.

On motion of Mr. Jones, it was decided to instruct the Borough Solicitor to prepare an opinion, whether the authorities of Lower St. Clair township were not liable for the construction of a proper gutter or outlet to carry away the wash from the hillside.

Mr. Walters moved that a warrant be drawn in favor of A. S. Radford, for $500, on account of paving on Snyder street. Carried.

Warrants were ordered in favor of Jas. Meban, lamplighter, for $21; Alex P. McKee, Clerk on account, $50; Keller, Williams & Co., $783,80, on account of Brown Street Wharf; Patrick Keating $115 for grading same at the foot of Page street.

The report of the Street Commissioner, showing expenditures to the amount of $374,60 was read by the Clerk. The report was received and warrants ordered.

Mr. Miller reported that the Fire Committee had procured a janitor for the Walton Engine House. Accepted and approved.

On motion, adjourned.

A "Mill".

The St. Louis *Democrat*, of Saturday contains the following account of a "mill" between a Pittsburgher and a well known criminal lawyer of that place:

A mill occurred between 10 and 11 o'clock, on Fourth street, on the sidewalk near the North Missouri Railroad office. The belligerents were Mr. George Washington Floyd, formerly clerk of the steamer Great Republic, and a brother-in-law of Capt. Wm. B. Donaldson, and Luther M. Shreve, Esq., a well known criminal lawyer, who had been employed as counsel for Capt. Donaldson, when he was arrested on a charge of murder, but was relieved before the trial, and Judge Lackland and Colonel Sayback substituted. Floyd is a young man about twenty-three years of age, vigorous and healthy, and exceedingly handy with his maulers. Meeting Mr. Shreve at the above-metioned spot, Floyd gave the lawyer a slap on the mouth, without saying so much as good morning, or giving a reason for the unceremonious proceeding. Mr. Shreve returned the compliment with an umbrella, which he held in his hand, and struck Floyd several blows. Floyd became angry, and dealing the lawyer a stunner on the forehead, sent him prostrate into the street. Shreve arose, but was no sooner upon his feet than he was sent to grass by another sockdolager between the eyes. Without waiting for the cry of "time," the infuriated Floyd poured in his blows right and left, giving the lawyer no chance to retaliate, and bunging up his eyes and making the claret fly profusely over the sidewalk. Capt. Ben. Johnson, who was standing near, threw up the sponge, and taking Floyd by the arm led him away. A policeman arrested Floyd before he had proceeded far, and Mr. Shreve was also taken into custody by the same officer. The *casus belli*, we are informed by Mr. Floyd, was an insult offered to his sister, Mrs. Donaldson, by Mr Shreve.

—A Woman's Suffrage Convention met at Saratoga, yesterday. Miss Anthony, as temporary Chairman, said the Convention was to organize a Suffrage Association to obtain for women their legal rights. Mrs. Martin addressed the Convention, followed by Miss Anthony. Several committees were appointed and the Convention adjourned till afternoon.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

POETRY OF THE PERIOD.

An anniversary poem, read to the alumni of Williams College last Thursday, is worthy of especial mention. We give an extract from it—which is supposed allude to the Boston jubilee—carefully revised and italicised by the New York *Tribune*:

"We labored and we preached for universal peace,
And prayed to see the dawning of the millenial *day;*
And with joyful hearts we watched the slow but sure increase
Of love to God and man and childlike *purity.*
But lo! when least expected that era was begun,
The ad*lion and lamb and b*ar *and calf no difference now;*
The bright propitious year of Jubilee has *come;*
Forgotten now the sword, the hatchet and the bow.
Sure, it must be true that Peace the scepter *holds*
For so proclaims the guns, the organ, the big *drum.*
"'Tis true, forever true,' *shriek all Massachusetts souls,*
"'Tis true' respond ten thousand in Boston *Coliseum*
Being then in the pay of the church *militant.*
I will say nothing, though my heads reach to twelfth,
For though even here men were once *belligerent,*
Now, all is peace, at least, in this great Commonwealth."

EPHEMERIS.

—Tom Thumb is in Omaha.

—Washington is infected with incendiaries.

—The St. Louis artesian well is 3,831 feet deep.

—The crop prospects in the West are very good.

—Samuel Bowels is again "across the Continent."

—All the places of summer resort are doing good business.

—Memphis sends five hundred barrels of fruit North, daily.

—All the collieries of the Pottsville region are in operation.

—106 degrees in the sun is the Paducah, Ky., temperature.

—The Knights of Pythias are growing numerous everywhere.

—Spiritualism is being investigated by the Dialectical Society of London.

—New York and Washington are to have German taught in their public schools.

—The prison discipline at Sing-Sing is denounced as miserable, being no discipline at all.

—Jeff. Davis' nieces, two young ladies from Vicksburg, are belles among the visitors at Paris.

—Boston has a little man thirty-one inches high, forty-one pounds weight, and aged nineteen years.

—New York still has an idea of holding a grand national peace jubilee to eclipse the Gilmore-Boston affair.

—It is announced that the friends of Simon Cameron are to start a new daily paper in his interest in Philadelphia.

—Miss Nora Giles, daughter of Henry Giles, of Maine, and a noted lecturer and essayist herself, was drowned while boating last week.

—Olive Logan rejoices that ladies are becoming Bohemians in the journalistic sense and that they find equality in the newspaper world.

—Bergh, the great inventor of cruelty to animals in New York, has been arrested for assault and battery, on the oath of his coachman.

—The owners of the orchards in New Jersey advised to thin out their peaches and prop up the limbs at once. The fruit is exceedingly abundant.

—Arrangements for another prize fight have been made between McCoole and Allen, for $2,500 a side, to come off within the next four months.

—A Chicago court has decided that express companies have the right to forward letters accompanying consignments in unstamped envelopes.

—After one more payment the Income Tax expires, by limitation. None will mourn the departure of that meanest of all systems of raising revenue.

—The poem of Weslyan University, this year, was on "The Theory and Practice of Flirting." This college evidently fits its graduates for society.

—The newsboys of St. Louis have determined to hold a grand pic-nic excursion, the expenses of which they hope will be borne by newspaper proprietors.

—The death of Mr. Charles Stuart, one of the earliest explorers of the Australian Continenent, and subsequently Colonial Secretary of South Australia, is announced.

—A Roman Catholic Church has just been completed in Fall River, Massachusetts, the corner stone of which was laid eighteen years ago. It has cost over $200,000.

—The Germans of Chicago ask for the erection of an emigrant house capable of containing one thousand persons, to which foreign new comers can repair till otherwise provided for.

—The Ætna Insurance Company held its fiftieth annual meeting at Hartford, recently. James M. Goodwin, an original director, and who has served in the board half a century, was present.

—As soon as the Great Eastern returns from her present work—laying the Franco American cable—she will take fresh cable on board and proceed to India to lay a line between Bombay and Suez.

—In Paris "low shoes" are coming in fashion for ladies, the color of the stocking, and the stocking the same color as the dress; also, the ladies are universally adorned with the large "sailor collars."

—The citizens of Omaha have started a subscription paper to raise one hundred and fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of erecting a first-class hotel in that city. About ten thousand dollars have been subscribed.

—The Australian wool growers, it is stated, have become alarmed at the competition from South America, where, it is reported 70,000,000 sheep are shorne every year, and the exports of wool to 330,000,000 pounds.

—Young men of fashion who have fallen into the button-hole boquet style, will be pleased to learn that the London snobs, who introduced that romantic idea, have improved upon it, and carry a little poodle dog in their arms. Imitate is the word.

—It is stated that certain members of the Medical Society of the District of Columbia, are preparing a petition, to be signed and presented to Congress upon its reassembling, praying a revocation of its charter because of its refusal to admit colored men to membership.

—An immense shoal of speckled brook trout appeared in Lake Superior, at Duluth, last week. The members of the Buffalo Concert Club, encamped at that place, caught them by the dozens. The fish averaged about half a pound each, though some of them were more than a foot in length.

—The Atlantic cable of to-day is peculiarly an English institution, having its termini on English territories. The French cable will make us feel a little more easy and independent, as in case of war with Great Britain she could not deprive us of telegraphic facilities while enjoying them herself.

—The Viceroy of Egypt has contracted with E. Remington & Sons, of Ilion, N. Y., for 60,000 of their rifles. This house continues its weekly shipments to the Spanish Government in Cuba. It has never sold arms to the insurgents, but has transformed about 8,000 Springfields for houses in New York that may have furnished the Cubans.

—An English paper says it is not at all an uncommon thing for ladies traveling in first-class English railway carriages to cut down and carry away the silk curtains of the windows for the purpose of making aprons of them. So general did the practice become on one line, that all new curtains were made of material that was not worth stealing.

—The Texas cattle trade is immense. A Denver dispatch says the banks in that city have, within the past two months, sold drafts amounting to nearly five hundred thousand dollars for the purchase of Texas cattle, which will find a market on the Union Pacific road, west of Cheyenne, though several thousand head will be stopped east of that point.

—"Olivia," the correspondent of the Philadelphia *Press*, excuses the strong-mindedness of Susan B. Anthony. "Let us," she says, "visit her faults tenderly. Baby lips have never pressed her hard, cold cheek. She has never tasted the sublimity of motherhood. She has never bathed in that immeasureable sea of glory whose waves touch the gates of Paradise."

—Many people outside the profession know how to run a newspaper. The New York *Times* is said to have received, since Mr. Raymond's death, an avalanche of propositions from would-be editors. They are classified as follows: Persons willing to be managers, 6,259; financial editors, 5,670; leader writers, 665; theatrical critics, 2,076; reporter, 1; night editors, 0; errand boys, 0.

—One of the gentlemen called upon for a speech at the Williams College annual dinner was Mayor Sam'l McClellan, of Wheeling, West Va. He excused himself, but said that he would, however, leave his autograph, and he handed Mr. White, the college treasurer, his check for five hundred dollars. The colleges generally would be glad to commute the after dinner speeches in that way.

—A young lady's opinion of the bonnet of the season: "Oh, the bonnets of my girlhood—the kind I wore to school! I really thought them pretty. I must have been a fool. And yet I used to think myself on hats a jaunty miss. Perhaps I was, as fashion went; but what was that to this? Oh, the lovely little pancake—the charming little mat! It makes my head so level, and so very, very flat."

—Miss Craig, who captured one hundred thousand dollars from the bad spelling Sprague, on a breach of promise case, is about to be married. The wedding will probably not take place until the pecuniary difficulty with Sprague, the former lover, is settled. The fortunate youth on whom the mantle of Elisha is about to fall, is said to be a handsome and deserving fellow, who isn't troubled with "arisiplace," tumors nor weak eyes.

—Burlingame has met with success everywhere. He has already secured the co-operation of the United States, England and France, and proceeds to Berlin, which is the next point at which the Embassy will sojourn while on its European tour. Whatever opposition the policy of Mr. Burlingame advocates had to encounter, which was chiefly in England, has been overcome. Now his advent is eagerly awaited in St. Petersburg, and also when China and the Chinese are entering upon a new era.

—Savannah, Ga., is moving to secure a direct importation business with Prussia and Germany. At a recent meeting held by the citizens it was stated that an interview had been held with His Majesty, the King of Prussia, and the Minister, Count Bismarck, who expressed themselves favorably towards the project, desiring to extend the commerce of the kingdom by direct trade with the Southern ports, having a large sea cost on the North and Baltic seas, the products being manufactures of cotton, linen and silk; also porcelains and wines. The immigrants of middle and Southern Germany would also avail themselves of the opportunity of becoming Southern settlers.

Woman's Mission.

Rev. Charles Kingsley in a recent address to women published in *Good Words*, says:

I should have thought that the very mission of woman was to be, in the highest sense, the educator of man from infancy to old age; that that was the work toward which all the Godgiven capacities of women pointed, for which they were to be educated to the highest pitch. I should have thought that it was the glory of woman, that she was sent into the world to live for others, rather than for herself; and therefore I should say, Let her smallest rights be respected, her smallest wrongs be redressed; but let her never be persuaded to forget that she is sent into the world to teach man, what I believe she has been teaching him all along, even in the savage state, namely, that there is something more necessary than the claiming of rights, and that is, the performing of duties; to teach him specially, in these so-called intellectual days, that there is something more than intellect, and that is—purity and virtue. Let her never be persuaded to forget that her calling is not the lower and more earthly one of self-assertion, but the higher and diviner calling of self-sacrifice, and let her never desert that higher life, which lives in others and for others, like her Redeemer and Lord.

And, if any should answer, that this doctrine would keep a woman a dependent and a slave, I answer not so; it would keep her what she should be—the mistress of all around her, because mistress of herself. And more, I should express a fear that those who made that answer had not yet seen into the mystery of true greatness and true strength; that they did not yet understand the true magnanimity, the true royalty of that spirit, by which the Son of Man came not to be ministered unto, but to minister, and to give his life a ransom for many.

Surely that is woman's calling—to teach man; and to teach him what? To teach him, after all, that his calling is the same as hers, if he will but see the things which belong to his peace. To temper his fiercer, coarser, more self-assertive nature, by the contact of her gentleness, purity, self-sacrifice. To make him see that not by blare of trumpets, not by noise, wrath, greed, ambition, intrigue, puffery, is good and lasting work to be done on earth; but by wise self-distrust, by silent labor, by lofty self-control, by that charity, which hopeth all things, believeth all things, endureth all things; by such an example, in short, as women now in tens of thousands set to those around them; such as they will show more and more, the more their whole womanhood is educated to employ its powers without waste and without haste in harmonious unity. Let the woman begin in girlhood, if such be her happy lot, to quote the words of a great poet, a great philosopher, and a great churchman—William Wordsworth—let her begin, I say—

"With all things round about her drawn
From day-time and the cheerful dawn;
A dancing shape, an image gay,
To haunt, to startle, and waylay."

Let her develop onward—

"A spirit yet a woman, too,
With household motions light and free,
And steps of virgin liberty;
A countenance in which shall meet
Sweet records, promises as sweet;
A creature not too bright and good
For human nature's daily food;
For transient sorrows, simple wiles,
Praise, blame, love, kisses, tears and smiles."

But let her highest and her final development be that which not Nature, but self-education alone can bring—that which makes once and forever—

"A being breathing thoughtful breath;
A traveler between life and death;
With reason firm, with temperate will,
Endurance, foresight, strength and skill;
A perfect woman, nobly planned,
To warn, to comfort, and command,
And yet a spirit still, and bright
With something of an angel light."

The Century Plant.

The Century Plant now about to blossom in Rochester, has reached a height of 15 feet 9 inches, and will probably reach 20 feet. It has 20 branches and buds now visible, which are to bear the clusters. The lower branches are about 15 inches in length and 5 inches apart, where matured, and they gradually shorten until they reach the top. The lower-most arm is 11 feet 6 inches from the ground, and there are 105 distinctly formed buds on this cluster. We estimate there will be 1,500 flowers on the plant. In other plants which have flowered in England and elsewhere, these arms, when fully developed, have measured four to six and a half feet in length, and the clusters of flowers from 14 to 18 inches in diameter. The single flowe is not handsome. It is only four or five inches in length, of a greenish yellow color, and very fragrant.

The great beauty is the wonderful pyramidal candelabra shape of form which it attains when in full bloom, the large clusters and numerous flowers in each, which will appear at the ends of the arms or branches, the lower ones being the longest, and gradually shortening in a pyramidical form till they reach the top, where there will be a huge cluster of flowers. This particular plant was brought to Rochester thirteen years ago. Its age is very accurately known, having been purchased in 1809, by the late Hon. John Greig, of Canandaigua, and owned by him until 1856, when it was purchased by the Messrs. Frost, making it about seventy years of age. It has thirty leaves averaging four and a half to six feet in length, of bluish green color, finely marked with yellow stripes, the leaves being six to nine inches in width and three to five inches thick at the base.—*Rochester Express.*

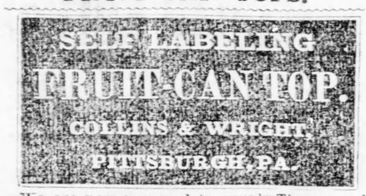
The Utterly Disengaged Bachelor.

He is generally under five-and-twenty, for we do not allude to old bachelors. He dresses well, but not anxiously. It does not much matter to him if his gloves are not buttoned, or if the parting of his back hair is not quite straight. His whole manner is that of a man who owns himself; who has no one to think of when he does anything or says anything. He consorts with gay fellows who smoke a great deal, and he smokes a great deal himself. He does not mind owning to have been out very late last night, and being unable to find a place for his latch key when he reached home. He changes his boarding place frequently, and is generally ahead of his salary. He laughs at engaged fellows and pities married ones. He is off-hand in his manner, and pays great attention in a jolly sort of way to the last new pretty girl. He patronizes the burlesque opera, and goes alone with boquets to fling to the most fascinating performer. Even there he is fickle, and the sylph with black hair, who is his idol one night, is quite forgotten the next for the blonde in blue and silver. On the whole, he is extremely happy—has brighter eyes, fresher lips, and nicer hair than any other kind of man you meet, and seems to have "disengaged" and "not in love" written in every dimple.

GAS FIXTURES

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS.
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se8:n22 Between 5th and 6th Avenues.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.



We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.

It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,

by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing it.
mh25

PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS, &c.

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h27 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

CARPETS.

JULY, 1869.

SPECIAL SALE OF
CARPETS.

We offer at Retail, for THIRTY DAYS ONLY, a line of New and Choice Patterns
English Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrain, and Other Carpets,
AT LESS THAN COST OF IMPORTATION, and our entire stock at prices which make it an object to buy this month, as these goods have never been offered so low.
Our Store will close at 5 P. M. until September first.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
jy9:d&T (Second Floor).

NEW CARPETS!
June, 1869.

We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST
VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,
The Very Newest Designs,
Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED
INGRAINS,
VERY SUPERIOR
QUALITY AND COLORS.
An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.
We are now selling many of the above at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
je12

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A
FINE SELECTION OF
BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS
THREE PLY AND
INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
WHITE, CHECK & FANCY
MATTINGS,
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
IN THE CITY.
STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
AT
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,
(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)
MERCHANT TAILOR,
No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.
se26:v21

NEW SPRING GOODS.
A splendid new stock of
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,
Just received by HENRY MEYER.
se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

ICE.

ICE! ICE! ICE!
WM. KREBS,
ICE DEALER,
No. 55 Diamond Alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny.
my15:j10

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.

SUMMER GOODS
AT
REDUCED RATES.
Would call attention to the large reduction we have made in
Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,
SELLING AT HALF PRICE.
COTTON HOSIERY,
LISLE GLOVES,
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
All at Very Low Prices.
COLORED SILK FANS,
SILK BOWS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
CORSETS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
IRISH LINENS,
WHITE GOODS,
(of all kinds.)
FRINGES, BUTTONS, EMBROIDERIES.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO.
78 & 80 Market Street.
jy10

GREAT REDUCTIONS
IN
Straw and Millinery
GOODS.
HAIR, GIMP AND BRAID HATS AND BONNETS,
FRENCH FLOWERS,
CRAPES, ILLUSIONS,
LACES, FRAMES, &c., &c.
At Very Low Prices.
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
STAR SHIRTS,
SUSPENDERS,
NECK WEAR,
HOSIERY,
LADIES FINE COTTON,
BALBRIGGAN, LISLE,
and SILK HOSE.
GENTS SUPERFINE AND FANCY HALF HOSE,
FINE SILK FANS,
PALM AND LINEN FANS,
TRAVELING SATCHELS,
HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS,
BOULEVARDE AND WHITE SKIRTS,
WHITE GOODS,
ZEPHYR KNIT SHAWLS,
PIQUE HATS, something new.
EMBROIDERIES,
LACES, LACE GOODS,
LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS.
New Goods Arriving Daily.
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.,
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.
jy12

NEW SPRING GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Bradley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear.
Sole Agents for the Bemis Patent Shape Collars, "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
my4

WALL PAPERS.

WALL PAPER
AND
WINDOW SHADES,
OF
New and Handsome Designs,
NOW OPENING AT
No. 107 Market Street
(NEAR FIFTH AVENUE,)
Embracing a large and carefully selected stock of the newest designs from the FINEST STAMPED GOLD to the CHEAPEST ARTICLE known to the trade. All of which we offer at prices that will pay buyers to examine.
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
mh28:g41

WALL PAPER.
THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,
W. P. MARSHALL'S
NEW WALL PAPER STORE,
191 Liberty Street,
(NEAR MARKET,)
SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh8

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.
HOLMES, BELL & CO.,
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.
PITTSBURGH.
Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT
ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA
SHEETINGS AND BATTINGS.

DRY GOODS.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
G. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

NEW SPRING GOOD
JUST OPENED,
AT
THEODORE F. PHILLIPS
87 Market Street.
Prints, Muslins, Dress Good
SILKS, SHAWLS,
FULL LINE OF
SILK SACQUES
Very Cheap.
87. MARKET STREET. 8
ap3

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goo
No. 94 WOOD STREET.
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDA
IMPORTERS OF
WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PURE RYE WHISKIE
409 PENN STREET.
Have Removed t
NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,
Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Cana

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,
Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,
FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whisk
Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and QUORS. HOPS, &c. mh28:n

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLER
100 WOOD STREET.
R. E. BREED & CO.
NEW GOODS.
FINE VASES,
BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.
NEW STYLES.
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS.
SMOKING SETS.
A large stock of
SILVER PLATED GOODS
of all descriptions.
Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.
R. E. BREED & CO.
100 WOOD STREET.

STONE.

WEST COMMON
Machine Stone Works,
Northwest corner of West Common Alleghe
FRED'K ATWATER & CO.
Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hea and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brew Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c. Orders promptly executed. Prices reasons

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT AL
private diseases. Syphilis in all its forms, urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Se nal Weakness and Impotency, resulting f self-abuse or other causes, and which produ sce of the following effects, as blotches, b weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversi society, unmanliness, dread of future eve loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissi and finally so prostrating the sexual system a render marriage unsatisfactory, and there imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons flicted with these or any other delicate, intric or long standing constitutional complaint sho give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female c plaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Infl mation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovari pruritis, Amenorrhœa, Menorrhagia, Dysm norrhœa, and sterility or Barrenness, are tr ed with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confi himself exclusively to the study of a certain cl of diseases and treats thousands of cases ev year must acquire greater skill in that speci than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet fifty pages that gives a full exposition of vene and private diseases, that can be had free at o or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelo Every sentence contains instruction to the flicted, and enabling them to determine the cise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten an rooms, is central. When it is not convenien visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be tained by giving a written statement of the c and medicines can be forwarded by mail or press. In some instances, however, a pers examination is absolutely necessary, whil others daily personal attention is required, for the accommodation of such patients there apartments connected with the office that are vided with every requisite that is calculate promote recovery, including medicated Va baths. All prescriptions are prepared in Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal pervision. Medical pamphlets at office free by mail for two stamps. No matter who h failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A.M. to 8 P Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WY STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh,

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY July 13, 1869.

The market continues quiet and weak, and, compared with yesterday, both Crude and Refined, for present as well as future delivery, are fully a quarter lower. The market is in a very peculiar condition, and until there is a change one way or the other, it is not likely that there will be much done. It is said that the "bulls" are afraid to unload, being apprehensive that if they would commence to sell a break would be the result, while the "bears" are timid about selling "short," and, as the saying is, the one is afraid and the other dursn't." As already intimated, however, the feeling has been a little bearish for a couple of days, though as yet, the decline is slight, not exceeding half a cent.

CRUDE.

The Crude market was comparatively easy to-day, with more of a disposition manifested to sell, and, compared with yesterday, prices are a quarter lower. Sale of 1,000 spot, at 14¾; 500 do spot, at 14¾; $1,000 paid for the privilege of delivering 5,000 bbls any time this year at 14; and—last evening—3,000 seller until July 20th, at 14¾. There was also a light decline at Oil City, with offers to sell at $5,90.

REFINED.

Sale 500 July at 32; and 500 each August to December at 33. The July sale was made early in the day; in the afternoon there were offers to sell at 31½, not quoted down to 31¼, market weak, with a drooping tendency.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

Fisher & Bro	1,120 bbls
Fowston & Sowers	480 "
Parker & Thompson	480 "
S. Thomas	320 "
Pool & Bro	80 "
Total	2,480 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Montzheimer, Koehler & Co. 500 bbls ref to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
Standard Oil Co., 527 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Wormser, Myers & Co., 220 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Livingston & Bro., 50 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Lyons & Bro., 196 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.
McKelvy & Bro., 281 bbls refined to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.
Total shipments Refined 1,774

OIL SHIPMENTS PER WEST PENNA. R R.

G. W. Holdship & Co., 105 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

OIL SHIPPED EAST FROM DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Fleming & Co. 168 bbls ref. oil to Bostwich & Tilfred, Phil'a.
Brooks, Ballentine & Co., 94 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
H. W. C. Tweddle 12 bbls lubricating to W. B. George, Philadelphia.
Total shipments Refined 274

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Ashes; pots steady at $7,37@7,62; pearls dull and nominal. Cotton firm and a fair business doing; sales of 1,600 bales at 34¼@34½ for uplands. Flour—receipts, 10,925 barrels. Flour without change in prices; sales of 13,000 barrels at $5,20@5,60 for superfine State and western, $7,50@6,90 for common to choice extra State, $6,20@6,90 do. for extra western, $7@7,25 for good to choice white wheat extra, $6,50 for common to choice round hoop Ohio, $7@7,50 for common to fair extra St. Louis, $8@10 for good to choice do.; closing quiet; included in sales are 4,500 barrels for export at $6,50@6,55 for western, $6,60@6,75 for State. California Flour unchanged; sales of 200 barrels at $6,40@9. Rye Flour quiet; sales of 300 barrels at $4,25@6,40. Cornmeal unchanged; sales of 180 barrels of Fairfax at $5. Whiskey a shade firmer; sales of 35 barrels of western at $1,04½ free. Grain receipts—wheat, 222,199 bushels. Wheat opened about 1c better and closed quiet with the advance lost; sales of 117,000 bushels at $1,48@1,50 for No. 2 spring; $1,55 for No. 1 do; $1,50@1,53 for winter red western; $1,67½ for white Michigan; $1,66@1,77½ for white Cuba. Rye quiet, with sales 4,500 bush western at $1,27@1,27½. Barley and Barley Malt dull and nominal. Corn—receipts 54,402 bush; market opened firmer, but closed dull and the advance lost, with sales 82,000 bush at 73@94 for new mixed western via canal, and 91@95c for do. via railroad; 95@95½c for western yellow; closing 1c below these extreme quotations. Oats—receipts 25,867 bush; market dull, with sales 26,000 bush at 80c for western in store, and 81@82c for do. afloat. Rice quiet. Coffee dull. Sugar steady, with sales 800 hhds Cuba at 11@12½c. Molasses dull. Petroleum firm at 16¾@17c for crude, and 32½@32½c for refined. Hops steady at 8@15c for American. Linseed Oil quiet and steady. Provisions—Pork quiet and firm, with sales 470 bbls $32,25@32,27 for newimess; $31,50 for old do; $26@27 for prime; $28,25@29 for prime mess. Beef is steady with sales of 400 barrels at $8@16 for new plain mess. Tierce Beef nominal at $20@25 for prime mess, and $25@30 for India mess. Beef Hams: sales of 125 barrels at $20@31. Cut Meats are quiet and firm, with sales 200 packages at 13½@13¾c for shoulders. 16@17½c for hams; middles firm and quiet, with sales of 100 boxes ice cured at 16½@16¼c. Lard quiet and firmer, with sales of 400 tierces at 17@19¾c for steam, and 19¾@20c for kettle rendered. Butter quiet at 16@32c for Ohio, and 18@36c for State. Cheese quiet and steady at 11@15½c. Freights to Liverpool are active and firm, with shipments of 100,000 bushels wheat at 8d per sail, and 9@9¼d per steam, and 4,500 barrels flour at 2s 3d per sail.

Lvtest—Flour less active and a shade easier for shipping grades. Wheat steady with a moderate demand. Rye dull at $1,27 for western. Oats dull and heavy at 81c for western afloat. Corn heavy at 89@93c for sound mixed western via canal and railroad. Pork quiet and nominally unchanged. Beef in moderate inquiry at steady prices. Cut meats dull and unchanged. Bacon dull and heavy. Lard quiet at 19¾@19½c for fair to prime steam. Eggs quiet and unchanged.

CHICAGO, July 13.—Exchange is firmer but without quotable change. Freights in better demand, with engagements at 5c for corn, and 5½c for wheat to Buffalo. Flour in good shipping and local demand, with sales at $9,00 for white winter extra, $5,00@6,75 for spring extras, $4,62½@4,87½ for spring superfine. Wheat—in tolerably active speculative demand; at the opening the market was excited and higher; at the close the market gave way and No. 2 spring closed weak at $1,29½; No. 2 ranged $1,32½@1,33½, and No. 3 at $1,29½@1,31. Corn fairly active and prices 2@2¼c higher than yesterday, but at the close advices from the East were unfavorable and a portion of the advance was lost; the opening figures for No. 2 were 79½@79¾c, and the closing figures 78½@79c; the principal demand was by speculators. Oats in good speculative request, with sales of No. 2 in store at 64½@67c, and 64¾@66½c, seller month, closing at 66¼c, cash. Rye a shade easier at $1,05@1,06 for No. 1; $1,04 for No. 2, closing at $1,05 for former. Barley scarce and without transactions. Highwines firmer and 1@2c higher, closing steady and firm at $1. Provisions firmer: mess pork inactive but held at $33. Lard is wanted at 18½c, but holders refuse to sell at less than 18¾c. Sweet Pickled Hams firm and steady at $1,06½@1,07. Receipts were 5,326 bbls flour, 110,629 bush wheat, 96,206 bush corn, 38,849 bush oats, 1,077 bush rye, 1,613 head of hogs. Shipments were 13,245 bbls flour, 181,310 bush wheat, 124,366 bush corn, 84,884 bush oats, 1,133 bush rye, 2,676 head of hogs.

ST. LOUIS, July 13.—Tobacco: better demand and more doing, sellers being disposed to let go; prices unchanged. Cotton nominal, 32½@33c. Hemp firm, but not much doing; small sales of dressed at $2,35@2,40. Flour: low grades active and scarce; super sold at $5,25@5,80; X $6,00@6,35; XX $6,50; XXX $7,00@7,50; fancy $8,00@9,50. Wheat: very little spring offering; common to choice dry new scarce and find ready sales at $1,40@1,50. Corn very firm, better and slow; white in bulk sold at 87c; good yellow in sacks 92c; fair to choice white 93c@$1. Oats very firm at 68c in elevator, 70c for black in sacks, 71@75 for mixed to choice white. Rye advanced to $1,17½. Whisky steady at $1. Groceries quiet and unchanged. Provisions unchanged. Pork sold at $33,00@33,25. Bacon: shoulders 13@14¼, clear rib sides 17¾c, clear sides 18½c. Lard quiet at 18c for prime in lots, and 19c for choice kettle in small way. Receipts—1,600 bbls flour, 6,100 bush wheat, 6,600 bush corn, 350 bush oats, 200 bush barley, 200 bush rye, 100 hogs.

CINCINNATI, July 12.—Flour dull and the demand light; family $5,75@6,00. Wheat dull and drooping; red $1,25@1,30. Corn firm and in demand at 77@79c. Oats firm at 72@75c; supply light. Rye $1,15. Cotton unchanged: middling 33c. Tobacco in good demand; sales of 269 hhds at $4,25@17,75. Whisky firm and in fair demand at $1,00. Provisions firm but quiet. Mess Pork $32,75@33,00. Bulk Meats, 13@15¾c for shoulders and sides. Bacon, 14@17½@18c; 70 hhds shoulders sold at 14c; at the close holders asked rather higher rates. Lard held at 19c. Sugar Cured Hams in good demand at 21c. Butter scarce and firm at 24@28c. Cheese dull at 13@13½c for Western Reserve; factory 15½@16c. Eggs lower; now selling at 16½@17c. Linseed Oil dull at $1,00@1,02. Lard Oil $1,35@1,40 for No. 1 and extra. Petroleum 27@30c. Gold 136¼. Exchange firm at par buying. Money easier at 8@10 per cent.

TOLEDO, July 13.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat; amber 4c better at $1.42 on spot and seller July; white Michigan regular 3c better at $1,42 for No. 2, red $1,37, No. 3 red at $1,23½. Corn 1c better, quiet and firm: No. 1 at 86, No. 2 at 82, rejected at 71½@72. Oats quiet and steady at 71 for Michigan. Rye in small parcels offered at $1,10; no round lots in market. Barley dull and nominal. The receipts for the past twenty-four hours amounted to 900 barrels of flour, 11,200 bushels of wheat, 11,800 bushels of corn, 5,200 bushels of oats. The shipments for the same time were 1,000 barrels of flour, 18,000 bushels of wheat, 3,400 bushels of corn, 3,900 bushels of oats.

Live Stock Markets.

CHICAGO, July 13.—Cattle dull and declined 10@15c; sales at $4,37½@5,12½ for cows, $6,25@6,62½ for fair to medium, $6,75@7,00 for good. Hogs dull at $8,30@8,50 for fair to medium. $8,60@9,00 for good to choice, and $9,10@9,20 for extra.

CINCINNATI, July 13.—Beef Cattle firm at $4,50@7,50. Sheep in light supply and firm at $2,50. Lambs $2@2,75. Hogs firm and in light supply at $8,00@9,50.

ST. LOUIS, July 13.—Cattle quiet and unchanged, 3½@7c. Hogs steady at 7@9½c.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Dry goods market remains inert and there is little or no change to notice in the prices of staple goods, which remain steady.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, July 12.—100 bbls flour, Watt, Lang & Co; 1 car stone, J L L Knox; 27 bdls spokes, T Hare & Bro; 11 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark; 49 do do, Frazier & Metzgar; 43 bxs cheese, Woodworth & Davison; 86 do do, N J Braden; 2 bbls eggs, John Wilson & Son; 4 sks rags, Christy & Benham; 16 do do, C Obertraus; 50 bxs cheese, J A Cawdry; 100 do do, T C Jenkins & Bro; 15 do do, Knox & Orr; 25 do do, W M Gormly 15 do do, J H Lippencott; 10 do do, Vangorder & Shepard; 20 do do, J S Dilworth & Co; 50 do do, Arbuckles & Co; 10 do do, Dunlevy & Bro; 95 do do, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 15 do do, E Heazleton; 20 do do, W D Cooper; 100 bgs barley malt, W Gray & Sons; 2 cars husks, E Edmundson; 5 bbls whisky, J Adler & Co; 3 bbls eggs, Day & Co; 1 car wheat, Mitchell & Reynolds.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, July 13.—74 sks oats, 3 do wheat, 5 do rye, Scott & Gisal; 30 do do, R Stewart; 6 cars railroad iron, J B Dorrington; 3 pkgs butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 3 cars stone, Henderson & Co; 1 do do. Harrison; 1 car metal, H Woodsides; 1 bbl eggs, L J Blanchard; 2 cars bark, W Flaccus & Son; 1 car grain, Martin, Brickell & Co; 1 car lime, D L Reynolds; 96 bgs oats, S Hood; 1,120 bbls oil, Fisher Bro; 80 do do, Pool Bro; 480 do do Parker & Thompson; 480 do do, Owston & Sowers; 320 do do, Geo. S Thomas.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, July 13.—4 cars ore, Brady, B Iron Co; 2 do do, Brown & Co; 1 do do, Coleman, Rahm & Co; 545 blooms iron, Nimick & Co; 6 cks pearlash, I Dickey; 6 bdls paper, J McMillan; 50 bbls oil, J Speer; 3 bbls do, 37 do apples, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 7 bxs cheese, Day & Co: 10 do do, A Kirkpatrick & Co; 50 bbls lub oil, D Bly & Co; 1 do do, Johnson & Paine; 32 bales cotton, Childs & Co; 90 bdls wall paper, M W Rankin & Bro.

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 12.—40 sks oats, Robinson & McKinney: 4 cars iron ore, 11 do limestone, Superior Iron Co: 1 car wheat, Kennedy Bro; 1 bbl eggs, J O'Hanlin; 185 sks oats, R Knox & Son; 37 sks rags, J B Jones; 110 green hides, Popp, Baker & Co; 190 sks flour, S C McMasters, 40 do do, Voeghtly & Kopp: 1 car wheat, McKee & Co: 1 car corn, M Steel & Son; 50 bbls lime, J Craig; 12 bales cotton, A H Childs & Co.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD. July 13.—2 bbls eggs, M W Rankin & Bros; 29 sks oats, McHenry & Hood; 60 bgs shorts, M Shorb & Son; 8 bbls eggs, W H Graff & Co; 10 bbls flour, J C Jenkins; 10 sks do, J Zigler; 50 tcs hams, Geo Mitchell; 47 bbls potatoes, McCune & Bros; 2 hhds shoulders, Jas Lippencott; 25 tcs hams; J P Hanna; 200 bbls flour, Jas Gardner; 500 pigs lead, T H Nevin & Co.

RIVER NEWS.

The weather continues cloudy, hot and unsettled, with frequent showers. We were in hopes that the "wet-spell" had passed, but our expectations thus far have not been realized. The river is falling steadily with six feet six inches in the channel by the Monongahela marks last evening. Mercury at 4 P. M. 89 in shade.

The Lorena arrived from St. Louis on Monday evening, and there have been no arrivals since.

Capt. J. C. Vanhook, was to have left for St. Louis yesterday, at which place he will again assume command of the Great Republic.

The Glendale did not get off for St. Louis yesterday as expected, but passengers and shippers can rely on her leaving to-day.

The Collossal and Mollie Ebert passed Omaha on Saturday en route for St. Louis, from Fort Benton.

The Andrew Ackley arrived at Fort Benton on the 26th of last month, with 120 tons of freight, having been obliged to leave the balance of her cargo at Cow Island.

The Wauanita, arrived at St. Louis on Saturday, and the R. C. Gray left there the same day for Pittsburgh.

Henry L. Parke, a well known steamboat clerk, died at the residence of his father-in-law, Capt. Greenlee, on Monday. He was second clerk on the Leonidas for several years.

The Julia No. 2, for Zanesville, is the only departure we have to record.

The Bellevernon, Capt. Darragh Jr., is announced for St. Louis forthwith.

—J. D. Paul, a Cincinnati and New Orleans pilot, died in Newport Saturday.

—Jo Rutledge, who piloted the Jennie Brown from Pittsburgh to St. Louis, over the falls and all, has returned to Cincinnati, and will go round on the Glendale.

—The Great Republic, New Orleans to St. Louis, and the Rubicon, St. Louis to Pittsburgh, were at Cairo on Sunday, and the Glasgow, St. Paul to Pittsburg, was at Louisville the same day.

—The steamer Eureka, was sunk in the Obion River a short time since, has been raised and will re-enter the Dyersburg and Hale's Point trade just as soon as the necessary repairs can be made.

—Up the Mississippi the light freight offerings are driving a number of boats off. The Gault is laid up at Fulton, while the Imperial and Clipper, of the Robison line, are laid up at Winona.

—The La Crosse *Democrat* of the 6th says: Three boats were launched on Saturday evening last, two being steamers, and the third being one which we shall soon have occasion to notice as the greatest oddity, in the shape of a floating vessel, that has ever been seen on Western waters.

—Captain Tom Rea is putting the machinery of the Rowena into the Silver Bow. The engines are of the following dimensions: Eighteen and three-eighths-inch cylinder, six feet stroke, and we suppose that with this increase of power the Silver Bow will rank any boat afloat for speed and general worth.

—On Saturday night, July 3, J. W. Gunn, the commander of the steamer Rob Roy, was presented, at Keokuk, with a gold watch valued at $300. It was the gift of his river friends, a large number of persons residing in towns on the packet line assisting in its purchase.—The project of presenting him with a watch was unknown to the captain until everything had been amply prepared for the occasion. A banquet followed, in which a large number of the captain's friends participated.

—The Cincinnati *Commercial* "goes for" the reporter of the *Gazette* of that city, as follows: Stephenson, the immortal philosopher and aquatic reporter of that respectable family journal situated on "tother" corner, yesterday, in all the glory of a lately-purchased wardrobe, patent leathers and prespiration-proof collar, and handsome plush tile, perambulated up and down the principal lanes of this mysterious village, flattering himself upon having "capped the climax" by adding another year to his life, and celebrating another birthday.

RIVER PACKETS.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

FOR ST. LOUIS, GALENA, DUBUQUE AND ST. PAUL.—The fine passenger packet,
BELLEVERNON....Capt. J. J. DARRAGH, JR.,
Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on WEDNESDAY, 14th inst., at 4 P. M.
J. D. COLLINGWOOD,
jy12 JOHN FLACK, Agents.

FOR ST. LOUIS, KEOKUK, DUBUQUE and ST. PAUL—The steamer
GLENDALE.....Capt. JOHN M. HARE.
Will leave for the above ports THIS DAY, at 4 o'clock P. M.
For freight or passage apply on board, or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents
or CHAS. BARNES, Agent.

PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS.
GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.
Freight will be received at all hours by
JAMES COLLINS,
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD,
ap13 Agents.

STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS

Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated
CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP,
CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF LONDON.
Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45, North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to
WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr.
70 FIFTH STREET, (Chronicle Building
Nearly opposite Post Office, Pittsburgh

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION SALE OF LOTS IN ROBINSON TOWNSHIP, ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA. Will be sold at Auction on the premises, on THURSDAY, JULY 15, at 1 o'clock P. M., 19 ACRES OF LAND, sub-divided into one acre lots, situate on the Middleton road, distant four miles from the Pittsburgh Court House and three miles from the Allegheny Market House; easy of access by Saw Mill Run Ferry and Middleton road, by Cork's Run and Manchester Steam Ferry, by Pan-handle Railroad from Nimick's Station, and by Ft. Wayne, Chicago and Cleveland Railroad from Woods Run. For further particulars see lithograph hand bills, or enquire of JAMES McGUNNEGLE, Chartiers township, or F. A. DOHRMAN, No. 113 First avenue, Pittsburgh.
jo22:k64-22,29,1,13

ASSIGNEE'S SALE of 15 Acres, Pennsylvania Avenue, opposite McFarland's Grove.
SATURDAY AFTERNOON, July 17th, at 4 o'clock, will be sold on the premises, by order of John M. Kennedy and John G. MacConnel, Assignees in Bankruptcy of Michael O'Hara, that valuable property in the City of Pittsburgh, formerly Liberty township, and fronting on Pennsylvania avenue, opposite McFarland's Grove, containing 14 acres and 150 perches, beautifully located and commanding handsome views of the valley and surrounding villas.
TERMS OF SALE—Sold subject to a mortgage of $12 447.92, balance cash.
jy13 A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

PEARL ASH.—20 sacks or sale
J. B. CANFIELD.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

J. L. DILLINGER.....A. E. STEVENSON.

DILLINGER & STEVENSON,

DISTILLERS AND DEALERS IN

Pure Rye Whiskies.

IMPORTERS OF

BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, &C.,

No. 87 Second Avenue,

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ESTABLISHED BY A. & T GORMLY, 1814.

W. M. GORMLY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

No. 271 Liberty Street,

(DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL.)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

se :y16

W. C. ARMSTRONG,

Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 25 MARKET STREET.

my18

M. STEELE.....J. A. STEELE.

M. STEELE & SON,

Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.

No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART

KEIL & RITCHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c.,

349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh.

my24:b87

L. J. BLANCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 396 PENN STREET.

ap18:x89

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 114 and 124 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale Grocers and Produce Dealers. No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh.
ja12:r58

JOHN I. HOUSE. EDW. HOUSE....WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh.

LEGAL.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT for the county of Allegheny, No. 79, June Term, 1869.
In the matter of the account of D. W. ELDER, Esq., Trustee to sell real estate of MARY SAMPSON, dec'd.
And now, to wit, June 19, 1869, on motion of John Barton, Attorney for Geo. Furnes and wife and other distributees, the Court appoint JAS. S. STRICKLER Auditor to make distribution of the fund in the hands of trustees.
BY THE COURT.
The Auditor appointed in the above case will meet the parties interested in the above fund at his office, No. 115 Fifth avenue, on SATURDAY, 24th day of July, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of attending to the duties of his appointment.
J. S. STRICKLER, Auditor.
June 22, 1869. je23:k65-w

IN THE MATTER of the application of the "Consolidated Mutual Insurance Company" for a Charter of Incorporation. No. 141, Sept. T., 1869.
Notice is hereby given that the "Consolidated Mutual Insurance Company of Pittsburgh" have made application to the Court of Common Pleas for a

CHARTER OF INCORPORATION,

And that the same will be granted at the next term of Court, unless sufficient reason should be shown to the contrary.
JACOB H. WALTER.
Je30:123 w Prothonotary.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, letters testamentary on the estate of MARY ANN YOUNG, deceased, late of Indiana township, Allegheny county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of said county, all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted to said estate will make payment immediately to
BENJAMIN KELLY,
Je2:k10 w Executor.

NOTICE.—Whereas letters testamentary to the estate of Samuel Wallace, late of the borough of Birmingham, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same, without delay, to
ROBERT WALLACE,
No. 64 Water street.
Pittsburgh, April 28th, 1869. m5:167-w

PITTSBURGH, June 29, 1869.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of JOHN GEORGE WOODS, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to call and settle the same, and those having claims against the estate will present them, duly authenticated, to me at No. 19 Seventh (late Irwin) street.
jy7:169-w ISAAC M. PENNOCK, Adm'r.

PROFESSIONAL.

G. W. De CAMP,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

Office, No. 137 FOURTH AVENUE, Pittsburgh, (formerly occupied by Hon. Walter H. Lowrie,) will practice in the U. S. Circuit and District Courts, in the State Supreme and all the Courts of Allegheny county, and make collections in most of the adjacent counties. ja29:d73

WM. B. NEEPER,

ALDERMAN AND EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

OFFICE, 89 FIFTH AVENUE.

Special attention given to conveyancing and collections. Deeds, Bonds and Mortgages drawn up, and all legal business attended to promptly and accurately.

SAMUEL McMASTERS,

ALDERMAN,

Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate. Office, GRANT STREET, opposite the Cathedral, PITTSBURGH, PA.
Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions, and all Legal Business executed with promptness and dispatch. mh16

JOHN A. STRAIN,

ALDERMAN,

EX-OFFICIO JUSTICE OF THE PEACE AND POLICE MAGISTRATE.
Office, 113 FIFTH STREET, opposite the Cathedral, Pittsburgh, Pa. Deeds, Bonds, Mortgages, Acknowledgments, Depositions and all Lega Business executed with promptness and dispatch.

A. AMMON,

Justice of the Peace,

CONVEYANCER, REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE AGENT,

CARSON STREET, EAST BIRMINGHAM.
Collection of Rents solicited and promptly attended to. my3:y60

ARCHIBALD BLAKELEY,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

No. 98 FIFTH STREET,

ap6:n90:d&F PITTSBURGH, PA

INSURANCE.

THE IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Of Pennsylvania.

Office, 75 Federal St., Allegheny City.

DIRECTORS:

Hon. JAMES L. GRAHAM,
Rev. J. E. CLARK, D. D.,
Capt. R. ROBINSON,
Rev. A. K. BELL, D.D.,
Rev. S. H. NESBIT, D.D.,
W. A. REED, Cashier Allegheny Trust Co.
JACOB RUSH, Real Estate Agent,
SIMON DRUM, Mayor of Allegheny,
C. W. BENNY, Hatter,
A. S. BELL, Attorney-at-Law,
D. L. PATTERSON, Lumber Merchant,
D. SWOGER, Insurance Agent.

Capt. ROBT. ROBINSON, President.
Rev. J. B. CLARK, D.D., Vice President,
JACOB RUSH, Secretary,
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1869.

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From May 9th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

Leave.		Arrive.	
Chicago Ex	2:05 a m	Chicago Ex	1:55 a m
Erie & Yg'n Ex	7:25 a m	Chicago Ex	10:03 p m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:12 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:45 a m
Chicago Mail	6:55 a m	St. Louis Ex	7:05 p m
Chicago Ex	9:45 a m	Chi'go Ex & Mail	4:05 p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex	2:05 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:55 p m
Chicago Ex	2:23 p m	Erie & Yg'n Ex	5:55 p m
W'le & Erie Ex	4:35 p m	Cl. & Wh'g Ex	6:55 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		*Arrive in Allegheny.*	
Bea'r Falls Ac.	8:58 a m	Leetsdale Ac.	6:58 am
Leetsdale "	10:03 a m	Bea'r Falls "	8:28 am
"	11:58 a m	New Castle "	10:23 am
Rochester "	1:28 p m	Enon "	9:13 am
Enon "	3:38 p m	Leetsdale "	1:08 pm
Leetsdale Acc.	5:13 p m	Bea'r Falls "	2:43 pm
Bea'r Falls "	6:13 p m	Leetsdale "	4:33 pm
Leetsdale "	10:23 p m	" "	7:23 pm
Fair Oaks Sunday Church.	1:13 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church.	9:58 am

2:23 p. m. Chicago Express leaves daily.
12:03 p. m. Chicago Express arrives daily.
J. M.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors,

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 14, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE TICKET.

GOVERNOR,
JOHN W. GEARY.
SUPREME JUDGE,
HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY TICKET.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,
ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.
STATE SENATE,
THOMAS HOWARD.
ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS,
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.
SHERIFF
HUGH S. FLEMING
TREASURER,
JOS. F. DENNISTON.
CLERK OF COURTS,
JOSEPH BROWNE.
RECORDER,
THOMAS H. HUNTER.
COMMISSIONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.
REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.
DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Very Original Poetry, Ephemeris, Miscellaneous. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Financial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports. Seventh page: General Miscellany of Interesting Reading Matter.*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 49½f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 86⅞.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 137.

ITALY is said to be so poor that she cannot afford the luxury of even thinking of war.

THE keeper of a fashionable gambling-house in Cleveland has been convicted and sentenced to six months' imprisonment and a fine of $500.

THE new Virginia Senate has four colored members, all chosen by the radicals. Of the fourteen colored members of the House, three were elected by the Conservatives. The three colored Congressmen are all Radicals.

THE Central Board of Education offer a site for the Soldiers' Monument on the High School lot, corner of Fulton street and Bedford avenue. It possesses the merit of being high enough to render the monument conspicuous.

CINCINNATI AND CLEVELAND have inaugurated a crusade against gambling institutions. It seems our authorities are too busily engaged in the paying departments of their offices to devote much attention to little outside businesses.

PHILADELPHIA CITY contains eight thousand places where intoxicating drinks are sold, from which the license fund derived averages less than twenty dollars each house. There is something wrong in the execution of the law in that quarter.

THE electioneering intrigue to bring out Secretary BOUTWELL as a candidate for the Presidency turns out a miserable failure. As we expected, events have revealed that its design was simply to embroil him with the President and so get him out of a department which he is *not* administering in the interests of outside rings. While we are about it, we invite the Secretary's attention to the fact that two at least of his subordinate officials have been publicly mentioned by name as being concerned actively in this intrigue.

THE Pennsylvania Democracy make their nominations to-day. Up to a late hour last evening the contest for the Governor's place on the ticket seemed to be between Messrs. CASS and PACKER, the friends of each predicting his nomination on the first ballot to-day. If, however, the struggle should be protracted, a compromise candidate, probably HANCOCK, will be pressed on the Convention. On the other hand, if the count of noses, last night or this morning, be decidedly in favor of either of the gentlemen first named, the military idea will be squelshed, by his own letter of declination, before any ballots are taken.

THE REPORT of Prof. PHILOTUS DEAN, of the Pittsburgh Central High School, was presented and read yesterday at a meeting of the Central Board of Education. From it we judge that praiseworthy and educational institution to be in healthy and prosperous condition, and in position to accomplish more good than ever. We regard the High School as equal to most of the colleges of the country, and believe that during its comparatively brief term of existence it has furnished our local society, business and professional circles with as bright ornaments and as ripe scholars and thinkers as any educational institution in our midst, and certainly its graduated scholars will more than favorably compare with those having received their educations in seminaries, colleges and universities abroad.

THE Beaver *Argus*, a Republican journal of long standing and of considerable influence in the politics of its own locality, has placed the name of Mr. RUTAN at the head of its columns for Senator, but in alluding to the alleged corruption used to secure that gentleman his nomination, which the pure and patriotic Mr. QUAY is charged with engineering, takes occasion to say:

"The charges made against Mr. Rutan and his friends are very grave, and as the whole subject appears to be much better understood in Washington county than here, we shall await the proposed investigation with no little anxiety. If the accusations are shown to be false and had their origin in party opposition or private malice, we shall, as we plainly indicated last week, give the Republican ticket our hearty support, including Mr. Rutan for the Senate. If, on the other hand, these charges are not met and their falsity made apparent, we do not now see how we can do less than insist upon Mr. Rutan's withdrawal from the ticket, and urge the substitution of a new candidate in his stead. We shall, therefore, permit the subject to rest until our Washington county friends bring out all the facts in the case."

THE *Evening Mail*, of yesterday—a journal, by the bye, which we can heartily commend to the public support—stated that the positive withdrawal of Gen. HANCOCK would be laid before the Democratic Convention to-day. As the *Mail* is not supposed to be in the Hancock interest, it is barely possible that its sanguine correspondent has been misled on this point. To-day will show. If Gen. CASS should be the nominee, as the *Mail* predicts, we have only to remark that the Pittsburgh *Post* has achieved two notable things—the first in impressing its readers and the general public with a universal conviction that it has attempted to sell out its candidate, and the second in the conspicuous failure of its flagrant treachery. We express the universal opinion, as it has been uttered on all sides and in both parties, for the week past, that our neighbor was not sincerely favorable to that nomination. Without insisting upon any certainty as to its motives, the fact is not to be disputed that the effect of its course has been to destroy the public confidence in its good faith towards its own old candidate. If a "sell" has been tried on and has failed, the truth of the matter will come out in due time.

WE DIRECT THE ATTENTION of those interested in oil matters to the very clear and carefully prepared communication which elsewhere appears on the subject. The opinions we have expressed on the oil producing business have been based on the presumption that the statistics furnished by the Titusville *Herald* were as nearly correct as possible; but if the reports of that recognized organ of the producers and dealers are not to be relied upon as closely approximating the truth, of course our argument that the petroleum fields are rapidly becoming exhausted will be weakened just in proportion as inaccuracies may appear in our source of information. While we feel quite confident that the *Herald*, like all other journals, is not infallible in figures, we could not for an instant entertain the belief that its conductors or reporter purposely misled their readers; but, to the contrary, we think if any imposition is practiced it is upon them by the producers, whose interests may be subserved by keeping secret the true production. It is to the latter class the reporter must have recourse for all his statistics, and no matter how honest he may be, they have it in their power to mislead him by furnishing inaccurate reports.

We are heartily glad that the subject of a decline of production in our oil regions is exciting some attention, as all concerned have been kept in the darkness of uncertainty too long, and it is highly important that the true condition of things should be known. How best to determine the actual production is a subject now under the advisement of the Pittsburgh Petroleum Association, and some practical movement in that direction and under the auspices of this powerful business organization may be anticipated at an early day.

NO HOPES FOR CUBA.

The Cuban revolt draws steadily to its inevitable finale—the complete re-establishment of the Spanish authority. Its end would have been already written, except for the temporary encouragement afforded by American sympathizers, whose promises have by no means been matched by the performance. Left to rely only upon themselves, the insurgent Cubans must have succumbed months ago; that they have been able to maintain any show of hostilities has been due to the hopes which were encouraged by the sympathizing movements here, by the positive assurances, of some form of recognition by our Government, which were reported to their friends in the Island by the Cuban agents in this country, and by the open dissensions, at one time of a dangerously menacing type, between the Captain-General, with his regular troops, and the turbulent "volunteers" who sought in their loyalty a cover for the most violent excesses. But the situation is at length completely changed. The Spanish authority has come into the hands of a General who knows how to make his power respected by every man under his flag, and whose loyal fidelity and military skill present in the strongest light, by their contrast, the deficiencies of his predecessor. The effect of the change is felt in every part of the civil and military service of the Island. The American government has committed itself vigorously and clearly not only to a faithful neutrality, but against any form of national encouragement to the rebellion, in the recognition of their independence, or even of their belligerent rights. The sympathizing movement is blocked by the arrest of such expeditions as were preparing to leave our ports, and even the shipment of warlike munitions has been stopped. It is probable that of all the insurgent recruits who have been mustered on American soil, less than a thousand have actually left our coast and landed upon the Island. Now, we hear that even these are beginning to return by detachments, driven back by a hopeless cause. Most of these recruits were Cuban exiles, but a small fraction of them being of American or European birth.

Beyond its legitimate strength at home, the insurrection has no longer any reliance, and when it comes to that, it is easy to foresee its collapse at an early day. The colonies of Spain in the New World, comprising Mexico, Central America, Peru and Chili, never won their present independence by Creole brains or valor. In every instance, that result was due to the co-operation of the mixed races, and, still more, of the original native Indians, who were always found the most effective soldiers under the Patriot flags. Even among the leaders, in the great struggle which ended with throwing off the Spanish yoke from every quarter of the Continent or Main, not a few of the most successful were of mixed or pure Indian blood. In the continental provinces this admixture of the races had been practiced for two centuries, so generally that, when the revolts broke out against the Spanish authority, but an insignificantly small proportion of the free population were pure Spaniards in blood—a fact which was also illustrated by the jealousy with which they were regarded by the mixed races during the progress of the struggle, and by their uniform exclusion, subsequently, from public authority in the independent States. It was not the Creoles, or natives of pure Spanish origin, but the mixed races and Indians who secured freedom for Mexico and all the States into which the old South American Empire of Spain has been carved.

Cuba, on the contrary, is all Creole or African. Two classes comprise its entire population—the free whites of Spanish extraction and pure blood, and the blacks, all slaves, with whom the master race has never mingled. There is none of that numerous population, combining the blood of both races and altogether free, or of the surviving Indian aborigines, which supplied the real elements of the war for liberty all over the Continent. The Creoles of Cuba must win their own independence or remain subject to the Spanish crown. And the result will show that the Creole, neither in Cuba nor elsewhere, loves political liberty so dearly that he is capable of great sacrifices to secure it. They dare not Africanize the island by giving liberty to the slaves, who would speedily exterminate Creoles and Spaniards alike, and their hopes of an effective American intervention against the authority of the mother country, are now ruined beyond redemption. Since they are incapable of making a stout fight for themselves, it is evident that the final pacification of Cuba under Captain General RODAS, is not far off.

ROSECRANS IN 1863.

The following letter was written six years since by the "Abolition Satrap" whom the Democracy of Ohio have just nominated for Governor. The Copperhead wing, comprising nine-tenths of the party, didn't like it much then; it would have been strange if they did. Thus wrote Gen. ROSECRANS:

"HEADQ'R'S DEPT. OF THE CUMBERLAND, MURFREESBORO, TENN., February 3, 1863.

"*To the Honorable the General Assembly of the State of Ohio:*

"The resolution of thanks passed by your honorable body to the Army of the Cumberland, its commanding General and his staff, has been duly received and published to the troops of this command. On behalf of all I return you heartfelt thanks.

"This is, indeed, a war for the maintenance of the Constitution and the laws—nay, for national existence—against those who have despised our honest friendship, and driven us to defend our country and our homes. By foul and willful misrepresentation of our motives and intentions, persistently repeated, they have arrayed against us our own fellow citizens, bound to us by the triple ties of consanguinity, geographical position and commercial interest.

"Let no man among us be base enough to forget this, or fool enough to trust an oligarchy of traitors to their friends, to civil liberty, and human freedom. Voluntary exiles from home and friends, for the defence and safety of all, we long for the time when gentle peace shall again spread her wings over our land; but we know no such blessing is possible while the unjust and arbitrary power of rebel leaders confronts and threatens us. Crafty as the fox, cruel as the tiger, they cried 'no coercion,' while preparing to strike us. Bully like, they proposed to fight us, because they said they could whip five to one, and now, when driven back, they whine out 'no invasion,' and promise us, of the West, permission to navigate the Mississippi, if we will be 'good boys' and do as they bid us.

"Wherever they have the power, they drive before them into their ranks the Southern people, and they would drive us. Trust them not. Were they able they would invade and destroy us without mercy. *Absolutely assured of these things, I am amazed that any one could think of "peace on any terms." He who entertains the sentiment, is fit only to be a slave: he who utters it, at this time, is moreover,* A TRAITOR TO HIS COUNTRY, WHO DESERVES THE SCORN AND CONTEMPT OF ALL HONORABLE MEN.

"When the power of the unscrupulous rebel leaders is removed, and the people are free to consider and act for their own interests, which are common with ours under the government, there will be no great difficulty in fraternisation. Between our tastes and social life there are fewer differences than between those of the Northern and Southern provinces of England or Ireland.

"Hoping the time may speedily come when the power of the perfidious and cruel tyrants of this rebellion having been overthrown, a peace may be laid on the broad foundation of national unity and equal justice to all, under the Constitution and laws.

"I remain, your fellow-citizen.
"W. S. ROSECRANS, Maj. Gen."

The publication of this letter was welcomed by the Cincinnati *Enquirer*, which now supports him as its Democratic candidate, in the following style:

It is not only a party letter, but one of extreme bitterness. It is not only bitter, but vituperative. In perusing it we do not seem to be reading the production of a General, who, by worthily bearing vast responsibilities, and fairly achieving great successes, has acquired dignity and weight of character, and a sense of moral worth, but the production of an insignificant and disappointed party politician.

The letter does not speak the General—the broad and capacious, the cool and balanced intellect suited to the commander of armies; and time will probably not be long in determining whether the successes which have fallen to his lot are due to accident, or to a force of character which fails to manifest itself in his most disreputable epistle. — *Enquirer, Feb.* 12, '63.

General Rosecrans said, in a public letter to the Governor of Ohio, that "he who entertains the sentiment in favor of 'peace upon any terms,' is fit only to be a slave; and he who utters it at this time, is, moreover, a traitor to his country, and deserves the scorn and contempt of all honorable men."

Now we can easily imagine terms upon which we are distinctly and decidedly in favor of peace. We, therefore, come within the intent and meaning of Gen. Rosecrans' definition of a traitor to his country. Moreover, we believe that General Rosecrans had, in part, the *Enquirer* in his thoughts when he penned the sentences we have quoted. He is, therefore, a legitimate subject for treatment at our hands. In proportion to the insult which he has inflicted upon us, we have treated him gently.—*Enquirer, Feb.* 27, '63.

THE OIL TRADE—FROM A DISINTERESTED POINT OF VIEW.

MESSRS. EDITORS: From the articles which have appeared during the past few days in your paper, throwing out hints that the great oil product of Pennsylvania was on the decline, an outsider like myself would naturally conclude, without further study and investigation, that we are soon to be deprived of this great source of natural wealth, and that the business of producing and refining petroleum is to be transferred to other fields than our own.

You appear to have arrived at this conclusion from reading and believing the monthly reports of the *Titusville Herald*, and strangely as the assertion may appear to you, it strikes me that you have read those reports amiss, for my reading of them has produced exactly the opposite opinion, viz: that the oil product is *largely on the increase* and gives decided promise of holding out to an indefinite period. The fact that the old wells ultimately fail to give forth oil, after months of exhaustive pumping, is no proof, according to all experience in the business, that other wells in their immediate vicinity will not start up as fresh and vigorous as those just exhausted, because the oil veins running in subterranean belts or crevices of the rock are generally independent of each other, as to sources of supply, and whilst one may give out and become dry as powder, another may be drilled afterwards within one or two feet of it, but, striking another vein or crevice entirely, may produce oil in large quantity. This is frequently the case, and the same is true of adjacent farms or tracts. When one fails to yield, the belt is followed up by further explorations, and oil is again struck in paying quantities. So much for your ideas about the failure of supply, based on the exhaustion of old tracts. Now, for some facts taken from the *Herald* report of production, etc., for the month of June, 1869:

I find in this report that the average production per day from January 1st to June 30th, 1869, in barrels of 43 gallons each

Was	10,174
Same in 1868	9,233
Increase per day in 1869 over 1868	941

Amounting for 181 days to 170,321 barrels, or an increase in six months of over 10 per cent, in production of petroleum.

Again, according to the circular of W. P. Logan & Bro., dated Philadelphia, July 3, 1869, we find as follows:

Total exports from the United States from January 1st to June 30th, 1869	43,154,744 gal.
Same during 1868	40,278,917 "
Excess exported in 1869 over 1868	2,875,827 gal.

Notwithstanding this great increase in shipment this year, our stocks in the oil regions are larger now than at this time *last year*, whilst it appears to be everywhere admitted that the stocks elsewhere are full as large, if not larger. I quote from the *Herald* report again, viz:

Stock July 1st in tank,	1869	309,246 bbls.
" " " "	1868	270,450 "
Excess this year		38,796 "

To this must be added the 30,000 barrels deducted by the *Herald* for unmerchantable oil—and which was counted in the *stock* until recently—which would make the difference in stock July 1st, 1869, over same time in 1868, 68,796 barrels.

So, then, we find that during the first six months of 1869 we have nearly 1,000 barrels per day excess of production over 1868, and notwithstanding the consumption here and in Europe has been much larger, yet our stocks are not diminished, but on the contrary are greatly increased.

Now for a few figures, to ascertain the reliability of the Titusville *Herald's* reports, which in some quarters I find a disposition to question, some asserting that they favor the producers ("*their* next friends") who are all known to be *Bulls*, and others believing that however good their intentions may be, it is absolutely impossible for them to give a perfectly correct report, since they must depend finally on the producers themselves for their figures as to stocks, shipments, etc.

According to the *Herald* report, we find:

	Barrels
Total oil produced January 1st to July 1st, 1869	1,840,659
Add stock on hand January 1st, 1869	264,805
Total available oil up to date, bbls	2,105,464
Shipments to all points to July 1st	1,713,803
Total stock that should be on hands	391,662
Stock reported now on hand	309,246
Deficit between the two accounts	82,416

Where do you suppose this oil has gone? Has it evaporated, or leaked, or have the producers taken to using it instead of tea or coffee, or that other beverage so common up there? Surely the *Herald* said it was produced and not shipped, and it must be there somewhere, and it "*will not down*" at their bidding. Figures like these can't be made to lie, and allowing some little for loss in handling, the stock in the oil region must be now somewhere about 375,000 barrels. Ample, surely, with over 10,000 barrels coming up out of the ground daily.

The *Herald* would no doubt try to account for this discrepancy on the ground of leakage, etc.; but every one conversant with the business, tells me that there is almost no oil at all lost in handling, since the advent of pipe lines and tank cars, doing away, almost entirely, with boats, pond-freshets and barrels.

Again, I have taken some pains to examine the reports of shipments of oil from the oil regions during the month of June, and find from the books of the *shippers themselves*, as follows:

To Cleveland, etc., via A. & G. W. R. R.	109,824 bbls.
Herald report has it	81,560 "
A difference of	28,264 bbls.
From Oildale I find a mistake of	9,263 "
Per Empire Line	3,790 "
Grand total of errors in shipment by the Herald report for June	41,317 bbls.

The *Herald* has been permitted to misstate these things long enough. They have several times been warned that they were being imposed upon, and if persisted in it would ultimately ruin the value of their paper. And I am now prepared to produce the names of the parties referred to above, and prove by them and their own books the truth of the statement of shipments of oil for the month of June, which, added to their estimate, shows a daily production for that month of 11,440 barrels, of 43 gallons each; add to this the error reported above, in stock, and allow their deduction of 30,000 barrels unmerchantable oil, less this error in shipments for June, and the daily production for this month is shown conclusively to be about 12,000 barrels of 43 gallons each.

Since the above was written I have been shown the following telegram from one of the very foremost and most reliable houses in New York City, showing that the glaring discrepancies in the *Herald's* report are being looked into there.

"Call *Herald's* discrepancies in shipments over 40,000 barrels already traced out, without getting Erie Railroad shipments, as they refuse to give them or allow their receipts to be known here."
OBSERVER.

THE VIRGINIA ELECTION.

From a very sensible article in the Philadelphia *North American*, we make the following extracts, in common with views heretofore expressed by this journal:

The party which has triumphed in Virginia called itself Republican after a fashion—that is, it was Conservative, but headed by moderate Republicans. It was not Democratic in a party sense, for it had to accept the reconstruction system entire and unchanged; to act under it; to indorse, accept and make use of negro suffrage; to elect colored men to office as part of its bargain, and to agree to the State constitution containing all these things, as well as to ratify the fifteenth amendment to the national Constitution, securing the rights of all races irrevocably. Under such circumstances, it really does not seem to make any sort of difference what the successful party was called, for practically it was Republican.

At the same time we are not blind to the acute policy of the old line Democrats in Virginia, nor to the advantages they have in view. There was only this one way open by which they could secure the restoration of their State to its political status, and become themselves repossessed of the rights they had forfeited, and that way, like sensible men, they have adopted. With a large majority in the Legislature, and the disfranchisement abolished by popular vote, they are now in a position to act for themselves, and to resume their interest in national politics. * *

It was deemed important that the whole rebel element should by vote accept reconstruction, negro suffrage, etc., and that the white people of the State should see for themselves the Conservatives seeking negro votes and aid, in order that the hue and cry against the Republicans as strictly and exclusively a negro party should be deprived of its force. This has been accomplished, and henceforth political struggles in Virginia will be deprived of that excessive bitterness that has so long characterized them.

Whatever may be said of other Southern States, Virginia is clearly and indisputably the leader of the South. Although she did not secede until after the rebel confederacy was fully organized, the moment she did secede all yielded the lead to her at once. The rebel capital was transferred to Richmond, and there remained. A Virginia general was made commander-in-chief and retained the post to the end of the war, and when she surrendered no one remained obstinate. All gave way at once. Now that Virginia accepts reconstruction, negro suffrage, the fifteenth amendment, and all the other features of distinctive Republicanism, it may be considered certain that the rest of the south will do likewise, for the same reasons, and that the negro will thus take his place permanently as a political element in the republic. This is so very important that we are disposed to rejoice at it without caring much for the manner in which it has been reached. It was with these considerations in his mind that President Grant favored the proceedings under which civil government in Virginia has been successfully restored and the long military domination abolished.

The Richmond *Whig*, which has heretofore opposed the policy of "impartial suffrage," is now in favor of admitting the emancipated colored people to the same political privileges as the whites. In commenting upon the results of the recent election in Virginia, that journal says: "From this day forward it may be confidently asserted the white and colored people of Virginia will in the main act together. The blood line which has been attempted to be drawn has left but faint traces that will soon disappear, and future political parties will, in all probability, be formed without reference to race or color. The canvass just closed has given development to results that should be welcomed by the people of the whole country."

Washington Items.

Senator Sumner writes a letter here, in which he takes decided ground with the administration in the Cuban question, holding that the neutrality laws must be enforced at all hazards, and that the insurgents have not yet done what entitles them to recognition.

The motive of the recent numerous mentions of Secretary Boutwell as a proper person for the Republican Presidential nominee in 1872, turns out to be an effort to secure his removal from the Cabinet. The scheme of the projectors of the movement was to embroil Secretary Boutwell and the President in a personal quarrel, supposing that the latter is a candidate for renomination, which, however, is a mere supposition. They hoped to gain, by the appointment of a new man as Secretary of the Treasury, opportunities of obtaining information regarding the opinions of the department and assistance in their lobby schemes. Of course, their efforts have proved futile, and the friendly relations which have always existed between Secretary Boutwell and the President remain uninterrupted.

Hon. Gilbert C. Walker, Governor of Virginia, has arrived here. He says that as the members elect to the Legislature have little or no experience in legislation, he shall call to Richmond a third house, or an advisory body, to consist of the ablest men and finest legal minds of the State. With this assistance Governor Walker has no fears as to the result. He says the Fifteenth Amendment to the Federal Constitution will be adopted without a dissenting voice; at a proper time the Legislature will consider the subject of amending the State Constitution just adopted. He says that while the new Constitution, so far as the executive department is concerned, is the best the State has ever had, in many respects this unsuited for Virginia, and must at an early day be amended. In speaking of the few Radical members elect to the Legislature, Governor Walker said they would be mere cyphers in the body, incapable of doing any harm. The Governor thinks that if the election had been postponed two weeks longer, his majority would have been 75,000, as the colored population were rapidly breaking with the Radicals, and joining the Conservative ranks.

—Mr. Stedman, United States Consul at Santiago de Cuba, died in that city on the 6th inst.

TRUSSES AND HERNIA.

The sad and deplorable condition of many who are afflicted with hernia or rupture of the bowels, calls loudly for some efficient and unmistakable remedy that will not only in every case give efficient relief, but in many cases effect a radical and thorough cure. These cases of hernia have become so frequent that it is computed that one-sixth of the male population are said to be troubled, in some way or another, with this terrible ailment; and in very many cases do not know where to apply for an appropriate remedy, oftentimes not knowing whether an appliance is really needed or not; and if it should be needed, they often do not know where or to whom they should make application. The world is full of trusses for the retention and cure of this lamentable evil, oftentimes an inconsestible proof of their total and inadequate fitness to relieve the sufferer. This need not be; DR. KEYSER, at his new medicine store, **No. 167** Liberty street, is abundantly supplied with every appliance needful to the retention and relief of this terrible affliction, so that every one can be properly fitted, at a moderate cost, with the full assurance that the appliance is the best that the mechanical department of surgery can afford. The Doctor has pursued the investigation of hernia with more than ordinary care for over thirty years, so that the afflicted can place implicit reliance in his skill and integrity, with the full assurance that they will not only get the best truss suitable to the case, but likewise a thorough and efficient knowledge of its proper application.

There are many persons who not only sacrifice their health, but even their lives, for want of a proper truss, or a truss properly applied. Strangulated and irreduceable rupture is a far more common ailment now than in former years; and may we not justly arrive at the conclusion that its frequency is often occasioned by the neglect and carelessness of the sufferers themselves. No one would be regarded as sane or excusable who would go for a whole winter without the proper clothing to shield them from the inclement weather, but, at the same time, it is thought a light affair to suffer with a protrusion such as rupture that not only subjects the person to inconvenience, but even places life itself in jeopardy. Those of our readers who may be so unfortunate as to need appliances of this kind cannot act more wisely than to cut this advertisement and preserve it, so as to enable them to remember the place where such important preservers of life and health are to be procured.

DR. KEYSER'S GREAT MEDICINE STORE,
No. **167** Liberty street, two doors from Sixth.
CONSULTATION ROOMS, **120** Penn street,
from **1** until **4** P. M.

CONCLUSIVE EVIDENCE IN FAVOR OF HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS.

W. H. Reese, a leading druggist in Monticello, Ill., in a letter of June 6, 1868, writes to this effect: "Having sold Hostetter's Bitters for the past four years, I cannot but speak of the article as being the best tonic and appetizer extant. During the ague season of 1865-6 I could not keep a sufficient stock on hand to supply my customers. In fact, your Bitters was as staple as quinine. I learn that physicians prescribe it all over the country. Indeed, a great many families think they are not safe without your valuable tonic."

J. K. Witherspoon, Esq., a magistrate of Kernshaw county, S. C., states, under date of April 13, 1868 that he has used the Bitters constantly in his own family for the previous two years. He first tried the preparation when suffering from exhaustion, produced by severe attack of fever. Before the first bottle was finished he experienced a remarkable change for the better. He had tried brandy at the outset, but found that it did him more harm than good. In one month from the time he commenced using the Bitters his health, strength and appetite were restored. He had recommended the article to others in like circumstances, and never known it to fail, and had found it a perfect specific for chills and fever.

Mr. Samuel Young, of Clarion, Pa., under date of April 6, 1868, certifies that he was completely cured of "one of the most distressing attacks of dyspepsia that ever afflicted any mortal," by three bottles of the Bitters, after "various other remedies had proved powerless." Restored to perfect health, he thanks "that excellent preparation for the result."

Dr. G. M. Spencer, of Brush Creek, Perry Co., Ala., writing thence Feb. 8, 1868, says: "I have used your Stomach Bitters for several years in my practice, and find them superior to most of the Bitters now prescribed by the profession generally."

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ **MEETING.—CLARE R. DE EVERE** holds a Public Seance at LAFAYETTE HALL, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING at 7:30, when tests will be given that will solve the great problem of the ages, viz.: "If a man die, shall he live again?" Intelligent investigators are invited. Admission, 25 cents. jy14

☞ **ALLEGHENY CEMETERY.**—The Corporators and Managers of Allegheny Cemetery are requested to attend their annual meeting at the office of the Corporation on SATURDAY, the 17th day of July, 1869, at 2 o'clock P. M. By order of the President,
SAMUEL GORMLY.
JULY 12th, 1869. jy13-w 11

NEW CLOVER HONEY.

100 boxes Fayette county new honey, just received in prime order and for sale by the box at lowest prices, at the Family Grocery Store of
JNO. A. RENSHAW,
jy14 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

CARPETS,

Floor Oil Cloths,

MATTINGS,

Window Shades,

AT LOW PRICES.

We offer many of our goods much below last Spring's prices. Those needing goods in our line can save money by buying at once.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

21 FIFTH AVENUE.
jy14:d&T

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Grading and Paving of that part of Union street, in Seventh Ward, at present opened.

SEC. 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Union street as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expenses of the said improvements, there be and is hereby levied a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said Union street respectively in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Union street respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1852.

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 8th day of July, A. D. 1869.
JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: JOSEPH R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. jy14

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Grading and Paving Race Alley, from Isabella Street to the River.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Committee on Streets be, and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive proposals for the grading and paving of Race alley, as aforesaid, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That for the purpose of defraying the cost and expense of said improvements, there be, and is hereby levied, a special tax, to be equally assessed upon the several lots bounding and abutting upon the said Race alley, respectively in proportion to the feet front in them respectively comprised, and bounding and abutting as aforesaid.

SEC. 3. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said improvements shall be fully ascertained, it shall be the duty of the Street Commissioner to assess and apportion the same among the several lots bounding and abutting upon said Race alley respectively, according to the rule above indicated, and thereupon proceed to make demand and collect the same, according to the provisions of the Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act defining the manner of collecting the expenses of grading and paving of the streets and alleys of the City of Allegheny, and for other purposes," passed the thirtieth day of March, 1852.

SEC. 4. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 8th day of July, A. D. 1869.
JAMES McBRIER,
President of the Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of the Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of the Common Council.
Attest: ROBERT DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. jy14

AN ORDINANCE

To Authorize the Construction of a Lateral Sewer on Montgomery Alley.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Allegheny, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the Sewer Commission be and they are hereby authorized and directed to invite and receive Proposals for the construction of a Sewer, located as follows: On Montgomery alley its entire length, and to contract therefor with the lowest and best bidder or bidders, at their discretion.

SEC. 2. That as soon as the cost and expenses of said sewer shall be fully ascertained, the same shall be levied, assessed and collected as provided for by an act of Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "A supplement to a supplement of the fourth section of an act entitled an 'Act relating to Allegheny City,' approved March 24, A. D. 1869."

SEC. 3. That so much of any ordinance as may conflict with, or be supplied by the foregoing, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted into a law this the 8th day of July, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and sixty nine.
JAMES McBRIER,
President of Select Council.
Attest: J. R. OXLEY,
Clerk of Select Council.
ALFRED SLACK,
President of Common Council.
Attest: R. DILWORTH,
Clerk of Common Council. jy14

SELECT BOARDING SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES.

EILDON SEMINARY,

North Penna. Railroad, seven miles from Philadelphia.

Miss CARR'S seventeenth session will open

SEPTEMBER 15, 1869,

At this healthful and beautiful situation. Terms moderate, instruction thorough. Apply for circular at Gazette Counting Rooom, or office of Jay Cooke & Co., Bankers, Philadelphia, or to the Principal, Shoemakertown P. O., Montgomery county, Pa. je21:s80

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers of
QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.
Office and Warehouse, 262 LIBERTY STREET
☞ All orders promptly attended to.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BATES & BELL'S

Reduced Prices

TO CLOSE THE

THE SUMMER STOCK

OF

Dress Goods,
Lama Lace Mantles,
Organdy Lawns,
Poplinett Silks,
Tarlatan Robes,
Silk Mantles,
Shetland Shawls.
Ladies Undergarments,

AT

LOW PRICES.
jy14:MWF

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

MEN & BOY'S CLOTHING.

GRAY & LOGAN,

NO. 47 SIXTH STREET,

Are now offering a complete stock of Summer Clothing of medium and fine goods at the very lowest prices.

Children's Cassimere Linen and Suits.
Youths' Cassimere and Linen Suits.
Boys' Cassimere and Linen Suits.
Gents' Blue Flannel Sacks.
Gents' Alpaca Sacks.
Gents' White and Brown Duck Suits.
Gents' Scotch Chevoit Business and Walking Suits.

CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS

AT

GRAY & LOGAN'S,

No. 47 SIXTH STREET,

LATE ST. CLAIR.
jy1:130

LEA & PERRINS' CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Pronounced by
CONNOISEURS
TO BE THE
'Only Good Sauce'
And Applicable to
Every Variety
OF
DISH.

Extract of a letter from a medical gentleman at Madras, to his brother at Worcester, May, 1851:

"Tell Lea and Perrins' that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made."

Put free on board at London or Liverpool, in parcels of twenty cases or more; each case two dozen large, five dozen middle, or ten dozen small. Parties who order through us have the advantage of a supply from our stock until the arrival of direct orders.

James Keiller & Son's celebrated Dundee Marmalade. Robert Middlemass's celebrated Albert Biscuit. J. & G. Cox's Gelatine. Crosse & Blackell's goods. Delangrenier's Racahout des Arabes. Guinness's Stout, Bass and Allsopp's Ales. Wm. Younger's Edinburgh Ales, and the wines of France, Germany, Spain and Portugal.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS,
Union Square and 46 Beaver ssreet, New York,
Sole Agents for MESSRS. LEA & PERRINS'.
je9:k31-WF

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

I have this day associated with me in the Hat, Cap and Fur Business, Messrs. JOHN W. OGLEVEE and JOHN G. BENNETT. The business will be conducted as heretofore at the old established stand, No. 139 WOOD STREET, under the firm name of

WM. FLEMING & CO.

WM. FLEMING. J. G. BENNETT. J. W. OGLEVEE.

WM. FLEMING & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Hats, Caps, Ladies' Furs,

AND

STRAW GOODS,

No. 139 Wood Street, Pittsburgh.
jy5

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD.

No. 100 Third Avenue,

Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods,

Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of

Lace and Nottingham curtains Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican cloth, Satin, Delanes, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair,) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first-class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD.

NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE.
my8:193

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
GREEN OIL CLOTH
FOR WINDOW SHADES.
TRANSPARENT
WINDOW SHADES,
TABLE AND FURNITURE
OIL CLOTHS
IN EVERY VARIETY.
J. & R. PHILLIPS,
36 and 38 Sixth Street

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DRY GOODS

AT

WHOLESALE.

Wholesale Cash Buyers
WILL FIND
FULL ASSORTMENTS OF

Bleached and Unbleached Muslins.

MEDIUM, DARK AND SHIRTING PRINTS.

GINGHAMS.

Tickings. Checks. Drillings.

LINEN AND WHITE GOODS.

JEANS, CASSIMERES,
Cotton Pant Goods.

Dress Goods
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

STOCKINGS, GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS,
&c., &c., &c.

At the Very Lowest Prices.

STOCK DAILY REPLENISHED
With New Goods
AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO,

IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very Superior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin. Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.
j 10-d43

WOOD TURNING,

SCROLL SAWING,

AND MOULDING

Done promptly to order at 161 Lacock street, Alleghedy City, by

P. LEBZELTER & CO.

The best attention will be given to all who want anything in our line. We always keep a large lot of turned work, such as Balusters, Newl Posts, Hubs, &c. Also, a good stock of dry Walnut, Cherry and other lumber on hand.
my11:j7 P. LEBZELTER & CO.

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

115 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de25

REMOVAL.

H. HIGBY & CO.

Have removed their stock of China, Glass and Queensware from No. 22 Wood street to the spacious warehouse,

189 LIBERTY STREET,

A few doors above SIXTH, (late St. Clair St.,) where they will be pleased to show their old friends and the public the elegant stock of new goods just now opening. je17

J. E. SWINT..... J. M. BRATT

SWINT & BRATT,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS,

No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descriptions done. my9:w38

J. B. YOUNGSON & CO.,

FANCY CAKE BAKERY, CONFECTIONARY ICE CREAM and DINING SALOON,

83 Smithfield street, corner of Diamond alley, Pittsburgh.

☞ Parties and families supplied with Ice Cream and Cakes on short notice.

GOOD NEWS.

CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.

Enquire for WARD'S Bread.

The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Take none else. au4:TTS

FISH! FISH!—Potomoc Shad in half barrels; Potomac Herring in barrels; Mackerel No. 1, 2 and 3 in various sized packages; White Fish; Lake Herring. For sale low to the trade by WATT, LANG & CO., 172 and 174 Wood street.

WHITE LIME.—100 barrels Cleveland White Lime; 200 bbls Eastern do., for sale by
W. B. CANFIELD,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW DRESS GOODS.

Grey Mixed Poplins

At 22 Cents.

GREY MIXED POPLINS

At 30 Cents.

STRIPED POPLINS

At 20 Cents.

CHECK GRENADINES

At 18 3-4 Cents.

FINE DOUBLE WIDTH ALPACAS

At 25 Cents.

FAST COLORED LAWNS

At 12 1-2 Cents.

The above, and many other Desirable Dress Goods are Entirely New and Fresh, having just been received

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

KISHOCOQUILLAS SEMINARY,

FOR BOTH SEXES.

This institution is situated in the beautiful valley of Kishocoquillas, in the midst of an intelligent and highly moral people. Surrounded by mountain chains, and supplied with an abundance of pure water and of the freshest mountain air the location is unrivaled for health and for the elevating and refining influences of natural scenery. Corps of instructors in every department experienced and competent. Rev. S. H. McDonald, formerly tutor in Princeton College, N. J., of large and successful experience in teaching, has charge of Ancient Languages and Higher Mathematics. A lady from Massachusetts, of superior qualifications will teach English Literature, Painting, Drawing, French and German. Prof. J. W. Shoemaker, of Philadelphia, is engaged to give lessons in Elocution during the Fall term. Miss E. R. Bigham from Washington county, Pa., has charge of Instrumental music. Scholastic year opens 4th of August. Expense—Tuition and board per year, $200.00.

For Catalogue, address

MARTIN MOHLER, A. M., Principal,

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Refer to Rev. O. O. McClean, Lewistown, Pa., and Hon. S. S. Woods, Lewistown, Pa.

2,000,000 ACRES OF CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE,

BY THE

Union Pacific Railroad Company,

EASTERN DIVISION,

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1,00 TO $5,00 PER ACRE,

And on a CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For further particulars, maps, &c., address

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Or CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,

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C. E. ROBINSON,

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Gray's Ferry Road and 33d Street,

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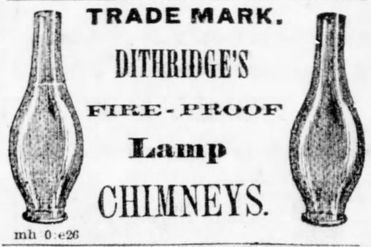

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FRESH SHAD RECEIVED daily at BENJAMIN PULPRESS popular Fish Stand, No. 45 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City, Allegheny City, corner of Ohio and Federal streets. Can be had all kinds of Sea and Lake fish, Halibut, Shad, Seak, Codfish, Haddock and Eels. Also, large supplies of White, Lake Fish, Salamon, Bass, Stergeon, Herring and Macinaw Trout, which enables us to sell at the lowest market prices, wholesale or retail. We invite all lovers of Fresh Fish to give us a call, and we will insure them a treat. mh25

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR.

MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE HEADACHE.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE DYSPEPSIA.
MARSHALL'S ELIXIR WILL CURE COSTIVENESS.
Price of Marshall's Elixir, $1,00 per bottle.
Depot, 1301 Market street. M. MARSHALL & Co., Druggists, Proprietors.
For sale, wholesale and retail, by GEO. A. KELLY, Pittsburgh. fe4:d99-T:TH S

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—100 bbls Louisville Hydrulic Cement, for sale by
J. B CANFIELD

MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S, 172 and 174 Wood street.

CHEESE.—50 boxes Factory Cheese; 25 boxes Goshen do., for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD.

CEMEMT—100 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, for sale by
J. B. CANFIELD

☞ *NOTICES—"To-Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED.—SITUATION—By a Young Girl to do light housework in a small family, in or out of the city. Wanted more for a home than anything else. Address A. D., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED.—A SITUATION as TEACHER by one who has had fifteen years experience in teaching, and who has been three years County Superintendent of common schools. Address, J. H. C., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED---BOARDERS.

WANTED. — BOARDERS. —A gentleman and his wife, or a few single gentlemen, can obtain pleasant rooms and good board by applying soon at 71 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. References exchanged.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED.—A FURNISHED SLEEPING ROOM, within twenty minutes walk of Pittsburgh Postoffice. Address, stating terms and location, J. J. N., GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh.

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED.—GIRL.—A GOOD GIRL to do general housework for a small family. Apply at No. 65 BEAVER ST., Allegheny.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED.—AGENTS.—$75 to $200 per month everywhere, male and female, to introduce the GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. This machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind, braid and embroider, in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $1,000 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth can not be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made. Address SECOMB & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa., St. Louis, Mo., or Boston, Mass.

CAUTION—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

WANTED—AGENTS.—To sell the American Knitting Machine. Price $25. The simplest, cheapest and best Knitting Machine ever invented. Will knit 40,000 stitches per minute. Liberal inducements to agents. Address AMERICAN KNITTING MACHINE CO., Boston, Mass., or St. Louis, Mo.

PERSONAL.

MR. W. M. BURNS, Proprietor of the popular Eating House, corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield streets, begs leave to announce to his numerous friends that none but the male sex will be allowed to dine at his tables, he having thrown his entire rooms into one. Dinner, Supper and Breakfast served at this house lower than at any other house of its reputation in the city. Call at Burns' and get plenty to eat for a small amount of money.

TO LET.

TO-LET.—VERY PLEASANT ROOMS, in suites or single, for lodging, with or without board, at 75 FOURTH AVENUE.

TO-LET. — Four commdious and conveniently located ROOMS, on Federal street, Allegheny, just adjoining the toll gate. Rent, $12 per month. Apply to JOHN S. ASHWORTH, on the premises.

TO-LET.—Room on 3d floor Dispatch Building. Rent very low for balance of year. Gas, water and stationary stand. Enquire at Potograph Gallery, Dispatch Building.

TO-LET.—ROOMS.—Two fine ROOMS in GAZETTE BUILDING. Apply at Counting Rooms, 84 and 86 Fifth avenue.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ **I. O. O. F.**

REBEKAH PIC-NIC,

TO BE HELD ON

Thursday, July 15, at McKee's Rocks,

By the Rebekah members of MANCHESTER LODGE, No. 403. A general invitation is extended to the members of the Order and to those friendly to the cause. The large and commodious steamer Excelsior will leave the foot of Locust street, Manchester, at 9 o'clock A. M. and at 12½ P. M. Tickets can be procured of the Committee or on the grounds at $1.00. jy13:m12

☞ **FIFTH AVENUE HALL.—** No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FAMILY FLOUR,

PEARL MILL Three Star Green Brand, equal to

FRENCH FAMILY FLOUR.

This Flour will only be sent out when especially ordered.

PEARL MILL BLUE BRAND,
Equal to best St. Louis.
PEARL MILL RED BRAND,
Equal to best Ohio Flour.
WHITE CORN FLOUR AND CORN MEAL.
R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,
Allegheny, Sept. 9, 1868. PEARL MILL.

WOOL.

100,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted by

MEANOR & HARPER,

AT THE WHITE FRONT,
329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
je30

GREAT REDUCTION IN SUMMER GOODS, AT J. W. BARKER & CO'S., 59 MARKET STREET.

Fast Colored Lawns at	12½ Cents per Yard.
Fast Colored Calico at	9 Cents Per Yard.
French Chintz at 25	Cents per Yard.
Wash Poplins at 18¾	Cents per Yard.
Fine Dress Goods at	25 Cents per Yard.
Fine Double Width Dress Goods, at 30 Cents.	

SHAWLS, CLOAKS, SUITS AND LACE MANTLES REDUCED.

Great Bargains in Housekeeping Goods.

J. W. BARKER & CO., 59 MARKET STREET.

J. W. BARKER & CO'S., 20 SIXTH STREET, (LATE ST. CLAIR.)
jy14

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A light and profitable business. No opposition. Capital required, $5,500. One or two men going into the business can clear over $5,000 per year. Inquire of M'Clung & Rainbow, Real Estate Agents, 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

FOR SALE.—About 120 acres of land in the best situation for country seats; only 2 miles from the West Pittsburgh Ferry Landing. Will be sold altogether or in pieces to suit purchasers. Enquire of F. C NEGLEY, office at the south end of the Monongahela bridge. je14-T&F

FOR SALE.—LOOK HERE.—FARM.—The cheapest farm in Armstrong county, Pa., 100 acres for $4,000 on easy terms. Splendid buildings and orchard. No. 1 land, all tillable. The improvements are worth the price of the entire property. There is at least $500 of a bargain in it at the above price. We have seen the property and know it. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—A New and Profitable ENTERPRISE; can have no opposition; covered by a patent; now in successful operation. Will take in exchange for the one-half, wood land; balance in cash. Whole price not over $6,000. Reasons for selling, the owner wishes to leave the city. For particulars, enquire of E. W. McGINNISS, No. 125 Liberty street, near Fifth avenue.

FOR SALE.—A New Brick Residence, built by days work, having eight rooms, gas, hot and cold water throughout, marble mantles and wash stands, a bath room and piazza. Lot 120x140 feet, delightfully located in the beautiful town of Alliance, Ohio, having 6,000 inhabitants and noted for its colleges, rapid growth, enterprise and manufactories. 94 miles from Pittsburgh and 56 from Cleveland Junction, Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne and Chicago, and the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railways. Address Lock Box 89, Alliance, O. je12:k28

FOR SALE.—SALT WORKS, DWELLINGS AND FIFTY ACRES OF LAND ON WEST PENNA. R. R.—The works are now in successful operation. The land is underlaid with coal, now open and mined, and would make a splendid vineyard; best of salt water at the works. There is money in this property. The owner would not sell were he able to attend to it. Railroad runs through the land. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—COUNTRY HOME.—A beautiful residence and fifty-three acres of choice land, on Perrysville Plank Road. The house has eleven rooms, is built and finished in modern style, with all necessary outbuildings, abundance of choice fruit, and in fact everything to make it pleasant and comfortable. Will be sold as a whole or divided to suit purchasers. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth Avenue.

FOR SALE.—VALUABLE CITY RESIDENCE.—HOUSE AND LOT, No. 72 Washington street, Allegheny City. The lot is 62 feet on Washington street, extending back 260 feet, on which is erected a double two story brick dwelling, having all modern improvements. Also brick stable and carriage room, with servants room attached, all in first rate order. To those wanting a comfortable home, this property is recommended. Enquire on the premises, or to ROBERT DALZELL.
jy12:m8 49 Stockton Avenue.

FOR SALE.

Good 6 roomed brick house on Centre avenue and large lot—$4,500.

Good 6 roomed frame house with all improvements; lot 68 by 110—$4,000.

Frame house, 2 rooms; lot 24 by 100—$1,000.

Two well finished press brick houses and large lot—only $6,000.

Two 6 roomed houses on Fulton street—$2,500 each.

One lot 24 by 129 feet on Reed street—$500.

Plot of ground on Mt. Washington.

20 acres on Panhandle Railroad, 4 miles from the city.

30 acres on Western Pa. Railroad, 4 miles from the city.

225 acres good improved land in Missouri. Will be divided to suit purchasers.

20 lots on Centre avenue—$300 to $1,500 each. Inquire of
McCLUNG & RAINBOW,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents,
jy10 Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

FOR SALE.

3 STILLS, each 9 feet diameter and 16½ feet long, with about 300 feet condensing pipe, from 4-inch down to 3½-inch gas pipe to each still, for $900 apiece.

2 BOILERS, each 32-inch diameter and 14 feet long, with chimney bridging, steam drum, stand pipe, &c., for $500.

2 KEYSTONE STEAM PUMPS, each 12 inch steam cylinder, 7-inch water cylinder and 12-inch stroke, for $300 apiece,

1 IRON AGITATOR, 16 feet diameter and 16 feet deep, with cast iron bottom for $500.

700 feet 2½-inch GAS PIPE at 40c per foot.

Apply to ERNY, JAGEMAN & CO., at works, near Sharpsburg Bridge. jy8:179

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The heirs of the late ALEXANDER CAMERON, deceased, offer the following desirable and conveniently located property for sale: Three story Brick Dwelling House, fronting on West Common, Allegheny, No. 26 Sherman avenue. Also, two story Brick Dwelling, fronting on East Common, No. 16 Union avenue. Also, three story Brick store room, No. 104 Federal street, Allegheny, now occupied by J. J. East as book Store. All of the above is offered on reasonable terms, in order to facilitate the settlement of the estate. Parties wanting information will apply to the undersigned at office of the Pennsylvania Insurance Company, 168½ Wood street, Pittsburgh. HUGH McKENNY. jy9:196

FOR SALE.

12 acres of COAL LAND, 3 miles from Temperanceville, on the Little Saw Mill Run.

137 acres near Doulsville, Indiana county, Pa., on Livermore Station, W. P. R. R., well improved and cheap.

HOUSE AND LOT on Market street, Manchester.

HOUSE AND LOT on Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

HOUSE AND LOT on Fourth avenue.

4 HOUSES AND LOTS in Elizabethtown.

Choice and cheap farms in Tennessee and Missouri.

TUSTIN & KLEE,
my29 87 Grant street.

FOR SALE.

Property on Spring Hill, 7th ward, which commands a delightful view of the surrounding country for several miles. The ground contains 4 lots 22 feet front by 250 feet deep, on which there is about 250 grape vines in good bearing order, a few choice pear, apple and peach trees; also a variety of small fruits: good stable, good well of water and cistern, new frame house containing 4 rooms, with hall, and cellar under whole house; everything in good order.

Also, house and lot on Ledlie street; house two story frame; contains 5 rooms and hall; lot runs through to Carroll street.

Other houses and lots in good localities. Inquire of M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate, General Brokerage and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. je29

FOR SALE.—A new 7 octave H. GALE PIANO FORTE. Price $275 Address J. N., THIS OFFICE.

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA,

FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGE, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON, T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads, CROWBARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. STEEL, COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and AXLES, CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

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Sixteenth Street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water Street, Pittsburgh.

mh9

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CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILWAY SPRINGS, ELLIPTIC AND PLATFORM SPRINGS, AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

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GENERAL PARTNERS:
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SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

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fe14:d48

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STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

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Bar Iron;
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Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

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PITTSBURGH, PA.

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The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.

Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to

JAMES P. SPEER

Attorney for the Trustees,

ROOMS 1 and 2, English's Building, 96½ Fourth avenue.

Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the process is now in successful operation. fe8:d87

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House, ap24:d6 PITTSBURGH

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JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

Bell and Brass Founders.

BRASS CASTINGS

MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.

Malleable and Grey Iron Fittings,

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THROTTLE, SAFETY AND CHECK VALVES,

ALL GLOBE PATTERN.

IRON COCKS,

Brass Work of every description for Steam, Water and Oil.

MANUFACTURERS OF J. M. COOPER'S

Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.

Agents for Dreyfus' Patant Oilers, the best in the Market.

Office and Works, corner Thirteenth and Pike Streets. ap2s

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

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Having removed their Office to

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(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.

Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.

All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

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☞ Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

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Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD.)

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WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

DUQUESNE FORGE.

WILLIAM MILLER,

(Successor to JOS. P. HAIGH & CO.,)

Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,

Corner of Duquesne Way and First Street.

ap14:h40

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.

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Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r52

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. my14:n6

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880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

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WARING AND KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

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DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

Room 17, Chamber of Commerce,

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ap10

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HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

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Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

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Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.

Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,

Will cut Screws.

Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,

Adapted for high speed.

Spindle Oil, Wool Oil, Head-Light Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Harness Oil, Benzole, Gasoline, Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent of Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

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DIAMOND OIL WORKS,

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Office, DALZELL BUILDING,

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Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.

Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horsepower.

CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.

RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

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MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.

OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS,

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SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;

STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;

PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

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WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

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Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.

Repairing done on shortest notice. ja5:c21

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And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

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A. BRADLEY & CO.,

NO. 30 WOOD STREET,

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND.

In our assortment will be found all the LATEST PATTERNS AND IMPROVEMENTS, and the reputation of our Stoves is such that any one in want of a good article should purchase none but those manufactured by us, as they will be found the most durable as well as economical. Would call particular attention to our new VOLCAN STOVE, for churches, halls and stores. Over 500 sold in three months. Intended for with or without casing. All who have used them pronounce them superior to any other and far cheaper.

Send for Catalogue and Price List. Je30

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

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BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR." COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR, GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

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se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

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GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
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TO BUILDERS!

500,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1½ inch Clear Plank;
25,000 feet 1½ inch Common Plank;
25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 ft. ½, 1, 1½, 2 and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling.
303,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Sagina Shingles.
250,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, shaved;
80,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON. Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester. ap:6

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H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 8 FOURTH STREET,

(Between Liberty and Ferry streets,

Orders promptly attended to. ap18

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Of Pittsburgh,

Is now open for Discount, Deposit and General Banking Business, at 195 FIFTH AVENUE.

Any sum received from One Dollar upwards.

Interest at the rate of six per cent. paid on time deposits.

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ED. DITHRIDGE, President.

F. F. SCHENCK, Cashier.

jy10:198

AMERICAN BANK.

NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,

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CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200.000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

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Thos. M. Marshall, Wm. T. Shannon, James W. Arrott, Chas. E. Leech, John Floyd, John M. Murtland, Archibald Wallace, Jas. D. Kelly, Wm. Floyd.

This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business. je10:43

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.

my13:182

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my13:f25

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, July 13, 1869.

The upward movement in gold had reached its highest point early this morning, when it sold at 137⅞, from which point it gradually declined to 136⅞, with a firm undertone. Although gold may temporarly decline a point or two, the feeling among operators is rather bullish.

Government bonds were strong this morning, but declined a fraction with the lower range of gold. There is even now some slight investment demand, but it certainly does not pay to buy bonds at such premiums. The Union Pacific Railroad bonds have attracted considerable attention on account of their low rates, about 90, and they are certainly a good investment at that. A sudden rise may set in in these bonds, just as soon as some small lots now on the market are absorbed.

Stocks are strong and well sustained. Money easier, but business dull.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 136¾; Silver, 128; Eighty-one's, 120⅝; Five Twenties, 1862, 123¼; do 1864, 121⅝; do 1865, 121¾; do 1865, Consols, 119⅜; do 1867, 120⅜; do 1868, 119⅝; Ten Forties, 110¼; New York Central, 102⅝; Erie, —; Reading, 94½ Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 54, Ohio & Mississippi, 32⅜; Michigan Southern, 107½; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 108¾; Chicago & Rock Island, 18¼; Chicago & North Western, 81½; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 95⅜; Adams Express Company, 59; Merchants Union Express, —; Pacific Mail, 88; Western Union Telegraph Company, 38½; Am. W. Express, 41⅜.

EXCHANGE,	Large.	Small.
London, per £	$6,79	$6,87
Paris, per franc	27½c	28¼c
Berlin, thaler	1,00	1,00¾
Frankfort, florins	58¼c	59½c

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold, 137; United States Sixes, 1881, 120⅝; Five-Twenties, 1862, 123¼; do. 1864, 121⅝; do. 1865, 121½; Ten-Forties, 101¼; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 119⅜; do. do. 1867, 120⅝; do. do. 1868, 119⅜; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 90; Central do. do., 99; Cy. Pacifics, 106; Lake Superior 96.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 13, 1869.

Money easy and steady at 6@7. A rumor obtained currency late this afternoon that there was to be another lock-up of money, and that the Secretary of the Treasury decided not to accept bids for bonds to-morrow; but nothing is known of the latter in official quarters here. Both are probably "bear" stories. They had some effect, however, on money and gold markets. Sterling firm at 10. Gold irregular and unsettled, opening at 137¾, advancing to 137⅞, closing at 137⅛. The shipments to-morrow are estimated at about half a million. The steamship Silesia, for Hamburg, took $493,000.

Governments were active and firmer until in the afternoon, when prices became easier and closed as follows: Coupons '81, 120⅝; do. '62, 123¼; do. '64, 121½; do. '65, 121⅜; new do., 119⅞; do. '67, 120½; do. '68, 119⅞; 10-40's, 110¼; Pacifics, 107¾.

State bonds steady at opening, and closing firmer; Tennessees, 56; North Carolinas, 47⅜; South Carolinas, 66; Missouris, 88.

Express stocks steady. Railways active and firmer until late this afternoon, closing weaker, owing to operators realizing.

Bidding Prices at 5:30: Canton, 62; Cumberland, 31; Western Union Telegraph, 38¼; Quicksilver, 15⅝; Mariposa, 8¼; do. preferred, 16; Pacific Mail, 86⅝; Wells & Fargo, 23¼; Adams Express, 59; American, 41½; United States, 71; New York Central, 202½; Harlem, 144½; do. preferred, 142; Hudson, 173¼; Reading, 94⅜; Erie, 28½; Michigan Central, 132¼; Michigan Southern, 107½; Illinois Central, 142; Pittsburgh, 107¼; Northwestern, 81⅛; do. preferred, 94¾; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 75; Rock Island, 117¼; St. Paul, 77¼; do. preferred, 87¼; Wabash, 74; pref., 80; Fort Wayne, 153½; Terre Haute 34; do. preferred, 38; Chicago and Alton, 160; do. preferred, 161; Ohio and Mississippi, 32; St. Joseph, 120.

Coin disbursements $720,490. No Treasury receipts made public to-day.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, July 13, 1869.

The markets generally are dull, and devoid of anything really new or important. The weather is again unfavorable for harvesting, and unless there is a change for the better, farmers in this section of country will be behind time in getting their crops secured. There is still considerable old grain in first hands, but it is likely to remain there for two or three weeks to come, as country people will not stop harvesting to haul their grain to market.

The Chicago *Republican*, of Monday, a paper that has has a warm side for the "bull interest," speaks as follows in regard to the crop prospects: The very warm weather has been very beneficial to the crops, and accounts from grain sections are more promising than for some time past, and we still adhear to our assertion of two or three weeks ago, that if the fine weather came on, prices must go down if left to the natural laws of supply and demand. The winter wheat gathered in the sounthern part of the State is turning out finely, and is an improvement, both as to quality and yield, over last year, and the fears of bad crops, so prevalent throughtout the West two week ago, are rapidly diminishing, and should the frosts hold off in the fall, and the weather from this time forth continue favorable, there is no danger but that the yield of nearly all grains will be immense, notwithstanding the season is pretty well advanced.

APPLES—Sales of new crop at $3@4 per bbl, as to quality.

BUTTER—Continues quiet and unchanged; sales of good to prime at 20@25.

BEANS—Dull at $1,75@2.

CHEESE—Market dull, with a supply considerably in excess of the demand; sales of Ohio at 15@18.

CARBON OIL—Quiet; may be quoted in a jobbing way at 29@30, for standard brands.

DRIED FRUIT—Dull. Peaches nominal at 9@10 for quarters; 12@14 for mixed, and 16 for prime halves. Apples 10@13 cts.

EGGS—Fresh packed 21c.

FEATHERS — Supply in hands of commission men almost exhausted. Live geese may be quoted at 85@90, to the trade, and $1 in a retail way.

FLOUR—The market presents no new characteristics worthy of special notice. We continue to quote Western Flours at $6,25@6,75 for Springs, and $7@7,25 for Winters. The receipts continue comparatively light, and while the stock is pretty well reduced, it is, nevertheless, fully up to the demand.

GRAIN—Wheat continues very scarce and good to prime Red is selling at $1,35@1,40. As already noted, there is considerable old wheat in the hands of farmers, but they are too busily engaged to haul it to market. Oats quiet and firm, but unchanged: sales in store at 68@70, although some dealers are holding in expectation of higher prices. Rye is quiet and very scarce; sales of small lots at $1,25, and a round lot would probably bring $1,30. Corn is in limited supply, particularly prime yellow, which may be quoted at 83@85, and mixed at 80.

HAY—Baled is in rather better demand, with sales to dealers at $25@27 for good to prime. There was a sale of 50 tons, on wharf the other day, at about $24,50@25.

HEMP—Last sales at $205.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2,50, per bbl, and Common White at $1,75.

LARD OIL—Sales of No. 2 at $1,18@1,20 nd No. 1 at $1,48@1,50

POULTRY—Sales of spring chickens, by the coop, at 65@70c per pair.

POTATOES—Lower; we now quote at $2,50@3 per bbl, as to quality.

PROVISIONS — Shoulders, 14¾@15; Ribbed and Clear Sides, 17½@18¾; Plain Hams, 18¼@18¾; Plain Sugar Cured, 20; Canvassed, 21¼@22. Dried Beef, 21@21½ Lard in tierces 20, in kegs and pails 21. Mess Pork $33,50@33,75.

PEANUTS—Small sales at 12.

SALT—Allegheny River brands are quoted, by car the load, at $1,75@1,80.

SEED—There is some inquiry for Flax seed and none in market. No demand for Clover or Timothy.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

BALTIMORE, July 13.—Flour quiet and demand light; sales of Howard street superfine at $5,60@5,75, do. extra at $5,75@7,00, do. family at $7,50@9,00; city mills superfine at $5,50@6,00. do. extra at $6,25@7,00, do. family at $7,75@10,50; western superfine at $5,25@5,75, do. extra at $5,75@6,75, do. family at $7,25@7,75. Wheat opened firm but closed dull; sales of new red at $1,40@1,55. Corn; sales of white at $1,05, and yellow at $1,00. Oats at 70c. Mess Pork quiet at $36. Bacon active and advancing; sales of rib sides at 18¼@18¾c. clear rib at 18@18¾c, shoulders at 15¼@15½c, hams at 22@22½c. Lard dull at 19¼@20c. Whisky scarce and in good demand at $1,04.

CLEVELAND, July 13.—Flour market quiet and unchanged. Wheat quiet and dull; red held at $1,39@1,40, and No. 2 do at $1,31. Corn market dull and nominal, and held at 83c for No. 1 mixed, and 80c for No. 2 do. Oats dull and nominally unchanged, and held at 75@76c for No. 1 State. Rye quiet and inactive. Barley dull and nominal, and there is no more receipts and probably will not be until the new crop comes forward. Petroleum market dull and inactive; refined held at 28½@29½c for July and August; crude lower and held at $6,60.

MILWAUKEE, July 13.—Flour quiet and prices unchanged. Wheat quiet at $1,34½ for No. 1, and $1,31 for No. 2. Oats firm at 68c for No. 2. Corn dull and nominal. Rye firm at $1,03 for No. 1. Barley nominal. Grain freights active and higher, at 5½c to Buffalo, and 9½c to Oswego. Receipts—3,000 barrels flour, 62,000 bushels wheat, and 3,600 bushels oats. Shipments—200 barrels flour, and 36,000 bushels wheat.

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—Flour firm with a small business; superfine $5@5,37½; extras $5,44@5,75, Northwestern extra family $6@7; Penna. do $6@6,75; Indiana and Ohio $7@8; fancy $9@10,75. Wheat dull; red $1,50@1,57; amber $1,60. Rye steady at $1,40. Corn unsettled. Oats steady; western 80c. Petroleum—crude in bulk 17c; do in bbls 22½c; refined 32c. Whisky 97@$1,05.

LOUISVILLE, July 13.—Flour quiet and firm with sales of superfine at $4,25. Grain steady; wheat, red $1,25, white $1,35. Corn 75c. Oats 70c. Rye $1,20. Sugars advanced ¼c on all grades. Leaf tobacco steady, with sales of 233 hhds at $5@12,50. Provisions firm; mess pork $33; bacon shoulders 14½c; clear rib 18c; clear sides 18½c; hams 30½c; extra 21c; high-wines 99c.

MEMPHIS, July 13.—Cotton quiet, firm and unchanged at 32½c. Receipts 8 bales, exports 25. Flour firmer at $5,50@6. Wheat, new, $1,10@1,40. Corn 85@90c. Oats 82c. Hay $26@27. Bran 22c. Corn meal $4,25. Pork $34,50. Lard 19@20½c. Bacon firm. Shoulders 14¾c. Sides 18¾c.

DETROIT, July 13—Flour quiet. Wheat: demand limited; No. 1 white winter $1,64; No. 2 do. $1,38; No. 1 amber $1,40@1,42. Corn 85@90c. Oats 72@73.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

Steam Boiler Inspection.

The report of the Hartford Steam Boiler Inspection and Insurance Company for May, gives a list of defects of different kinds developed by competent inspection, that may well attract the particular attention of every person using steam. These defects consist of fractured plates, furnaces out of shape, incrustation, scale, corrosion, both external and internal, water gauges out of order, safety valves out of order, steam gauges out of order, and many other defects which tend to render the use of steam unsafe. With competent inspection all defects are shown in time to prevent disaster. Is it a matter of wonder that explosions take place when we state that in this report no less than twelve boilers are spoken of as being used without steam-gauges of any kind? The report has some judicious remarks which we copy: We are frequently asked what is to be understood by "furnaces out of shape?" We suppose that few persons familiar with steam boilers fail to understand this. It is well known that the furnace of a steam boiler is subjected to intense heat, and consequenty the iron is liable to excessive expansion. Where injudicious firing is done this is especially true, and we not unfrequently find sheets contorted, their joints badly strained, and a complete overhauling absolutely necessary for safety. Injudicious firing is a very prevalent evil. Where coal in large lumps is piled upon the grate nearly or quite to the crown sheets, the furnace cannot be otherwise than seriously injured. Formerly such practice was regarded economical, but it is now well understood that the most economical fires are those where the coal is small and evenly scattered over the grate. In short, thin fires, more frequently fed. Objection may be made to frequent feeding, on the ground that fire sheets are injured by a current of cold air impinging against them. The time required to feed a fire, managed as described above, is very short, while in the old-fashioned way, the doors must be kept open some minutes to remove the slag that has accumulated on the grate bars, and further, the draft is always more or less impeded. Internal corrosion is a difficulty frequently met with; it is deceptive and dangerous, and can only be detected by careful internal examination. We have found sheets badly defective in this respect, when the exterior of the boiler appeared sound and in good condition. This difficulty arises from impure water, and is common to a considerable extent all over the country. We are informed by the English companies that it is common there, especially in the mining districts. We have recently received from them photographs of plates, pitted and corroded to an alarming extent. Water gauges, it will be seen, are far from infallible; they are valuable as a visible means of indicating the height of water in a boiler, but they should not be relied on to the exclusion of guage cocks. What we would say to engineers is, look well to all the appliances and attachments of your boiler, they all need your constant attention. It is neither guaranteed nor expected that they will do your work for you, especially if left to themselves for months and years together. Incorrect steam guages are too common, and in the reports for this month are several, 15 or 20 pounds out of the way. We have commented on this subject so often that we will now merely ask, How many who are now running steam boilers would be willing to increase their pressure 20 pounds steadily, especially if they are running all that they dare?—*American Railway Times.*

Impure Water.

Few of us are aware of the deleterious effects of impure water, or how prone water is to imbibe the impurities of the air. Many of us think if the water is clear and cold it must be perfectly pure, though it has stood in a close bedroom twenty-four hours; but this is far from true. If a pitcher of water is set in a room, for only a few hours, it will absorb nearly all the respired and prespired gases in the room, the air of which will have become purer, but the water utterly filthy. The colder the water is, the greater the capacity to contain these gases. At ordinary temperatures, a pail of water can contain a great amount of ammonia and carbonic acid gas; and its capacity to absorb these gases is nearly doubled by reducing the water to the temperature of ice. This plainly shows us that water kept in a room over night, is totally unfit for drinking purposes, and should not be used to gargle in the throat; also that a large pail of water standing in a room would help to purify the atmosphere, but should be thrown away the next morning. It also teaches us the reason that the water from a pump should always be pumped out in the morning before any of it is used. We are lamentably ignorant of many of the proprieties of air and water, two of the most important elements of our nature.

A MALAY FUNERAL.—It appears that there are in New Orleans a few families of Malays, and that they observe the custom of their native country and race. They bury their dead at night, and slaughter upon the grave some animal the deceased loved in life. At the funeral of a young girl, which took place on the night of the 27th ult., the oldest man among them officiated as priest, in the absence of a regular one, and preceeded, on foot, the cortege which conveyed the remains to the grave. The tomb was anointed, and a fish and some cake were placed in it, with certain solemn ceremonials. A bird was also killed and laid on the breast of the deceased, while all the relatives and friends passed by the coffin, each one laying their hand on the head, and saying, in the Malay tongue, farewell. No tears were shed, as they do not deem the transition of the soul an event calling for grief. Upon the return home of the family and friends, fruit, wine and bread is served in the name of the dead.

A LONG ROPE.—A wire and hemp rope is in course of manufacture in England which, it is asserted, will be larger than any heretofore made. It will be 5¼ inches in circumference, six miles and a quarter (11,000 yards) in length, and will weigh upward of 60 tuns. The rope consists of six strands, ten wires in each strand, and each wire measuring 12,100 yards. The whole length of wire is 726,000 yards, or 413½ miles; the six strands surround a hemp center of 27 threads of rope-yarn, made from Petersburg clean hemp, each thread measuring 15,000 yards. The rope will finally receive a good coat of a composition of Stockholm tar and boiled linseed oil.

Mormonism Defiant.

Brigham Young was recently interviewed by a party of distinguished visitors, and the conversation is reported as follows:

As Judge Trumbull was bidding adieu to Mr. Young, the latter remarked that, on returning to Congress, he might hear of some persons being put out of the Territory, and, if done, he might be sure it would be for just and good reasons. If such Federal officials should be sent here as sometimes have come, they would be quietly and orderly put out of Utah, for good cause.

Judge Trumbull—Before you take any step of that kind allow me to request you to make known your grievances to President Grant. He is a just man, intending to do justice to all, but he will not permit a violation of the law to go unpunished. It will not be safe to molest public officers in the discharge of their duties.

Brigham Young—What more will he do for us than Johnson did? Gen. Grant has removed the only officer here who was a Mormon, and for no reason save that he was a Mormon. The United States Judges who were here some time ago acted badly. I told them what I thought of them, and they left.

Judge Trumbull—You will promise obedience to the Constitution and the laws of the Union?

Brigham Young—Adherence to the Union, certainly. One enactment of Congress, however, we shall not obey; that is the one forbidding polygamy. It is not right to interfere in that matter. It is much better for a man to have several wives to support, honor, and cherish them, than it is for a man to deceive one, and cast off, disown, and refuse to support her.

Judge Trumbull—That is a matter about which we must differ. We think the National Government and the States can rightfully pass laws against bigamy, and justly punish the offence. All the States make a plurality of wives a criminal offence.

Brigham Young—Yes, all the States have laws on the subject, and Utah, when a State, will have an equal right to make laws protecting polygamy. Until we came here, the subject of polygamy was not broached. It was not until we had a revelation on the subject. We think we ought not to be interfered with in this matter, as it is nobody's business but our own. We have about 70,000 people. Congress thinks we are unable to take care of ourselves as a State. When we number 300,000, as we soon shall, I think we will be admitted into the Union.

Judge Trumbull concluded the dialogue remarking that the law at all events must be obeyed and upheld.

Mr. Young's remark about expelling Federal officers from the territory who do not please him, and his declaration that Mormons would not obey the laws of Congress against bigamy, created considerable sensation among the members of the party.

Trouble in a Templars' Lodge.

The Rochester *Democrat* of the 9th reports the following under its Police head:

A warrant was procured at the police office this morning for the arrest of a young man on a charge of assault and battery. The warrant was procured by some of the dignitaries of the order of Good Templars, and arose from the conduct of a young man who surreptitiously gained possession of the pass-word, by which he gained admittance to the lodge. After he had passed the outer portal it was discovered that he was not in good standing, his standing having been seriously affected by sundry glasses of lager, in which he had indulged before he appeared at the lodge. His presence was at once objected to by a member, who clamored loudly to put him out. The would-be-Templar was quite put out about it, and showed fight, threatening that he could make hash of any brother who might interfere with his enjoying the right and benefits of his entrance. He called for the goat, and said he was ready to take his degrees. In fact he was ready to go at it at once, but the brothers refused to parade the animal and insisted upon his leaving the hall. He then "asked 'em all out to take a drink," but they declined, which declination he took as a personal insult, and threatened to bust up the lodge unless he could be initiated. The initiary step was then taken to put him out, and with a Good Templar's grip upon the collar of his coat and the most worn part of his pants, he was ejected. This morning he made himself scarce, fearing that he would be arrested on a warrant for grand larceny—stealing the pass-word. Now that the word is out, no confidence is violated in giving it. It is divided into three sections, and is given with a sign. The first syllable is "Sculp," and the guardian of the outer gates says "per," when the applicant says "nong," at the same time placing his hand edgwise across his upper lip with an elevating motion, to which the guardian replies, "Let up!" The warrant was not served, the Good Templars putting in practice one of their mottoes—"Charity"—and the friends of the young man interceding in his behalf. The complaint was withdrawn.

THE military harbor just inaugurated by the King of Prussia, at Wilhelmshaven, presents to view five separate harbors, with canals, sluices to regulate the tide, and an array of dry docks for ordinary and iron-clad vessels. As you approach by ship, you first find yourself in an artificial basin, flanked by immense granite moles, respectively 4,000 and 9,600 feet long. This basin, called "the entrance," is 700 feet long and 350 wide, and leads to the first sluice, 132 feet long and 66 wide. The next basin, or outer harbor, is 600 feet long and 400 wide; the second sluice, immediately behind, as long and as wide as the first. Then there follows a canal, 3,600 feet long, varying in width from 269 to 108 feet, and having about half way another harbor for dredging steamers and similar craft. This leads to the port *par excellence*, consisting of a basin 1,200 feet long and 750 feet wide, with a smaller special basin for boats to the right.

A WONDERFUL novelty is now announced in Algeria in the shape of artesian fisheries. A well lately sunk at Ain Sala to the depth of forty-four meters, threw up not only a large body of water, but, to the great surprise of the engineers, an innumerable quantity of small fish. These subterraneous vertebræ are described as being, on an average, half an inch in length, and resembling whitebaite, both in appearance and taste. From the fact of the sand extracated from these wells being identical with that which forms the head of the Nile, it is concluded that an underground communication must exist between them and that river.

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PROPOSALS.

OFFICE CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 10, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

—Sealed proposals for Grading, Paving and Curbing TWENTY-NINTH STREET, from Penn to Smallman street MULBERRY ALLEY, from 28th to 29th street, will be received until MONDAY, July 19th, 1869.

Blanks for bidding can be had at this office. No bids will be considered by the Committee unless made out on the proper blanks. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids. jy10:ms H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF THE CONTROLLER OF ALLEGHENY COUNTY, PA., PITTSBURGH, July 8 h, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until 22d inst., inclusive, for the erection of a new WOODEN STRUCTURE at the Bridge over Street's Run, at Risher's Mill, on the Elizabethtown Road, on the line between Baldwin and Mifflin Townships.

Plans and specifications can be seen on application.

By direction of the County Commissioners.

HENRY LAMBERT, Controller.

jy :193 d&T1

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 8, 1869.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.—SEALED PROPOSALS for GRADING, PAVING and CURBING the following streets will be received at this office until MONDAY, July 19th, 1869:

FORBES STREET, from Magee to Chestnut street.

WILLOW STREET, from Fortieth to Forty-fourth street.

THIRTY-FIRST STREET, from Liberty street to Allegheny Valley Railroad.

And for Grading and Paving:

SNOWDEN ALLEY, from Hemlock alley to the Allegheny Valley Railroad.

APPLE ALLEY from Marion to Miltenberger street.

Specifications and blanks for bidding can be had at this office, and no bids will be considered by the Committee unless made out on the proper blanks. The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids. H. J. MOORE, jy8:126 City Engineer.

ERIE RAILWAY COMPANY.

Tenders will be received at this office until JULY 10th, 1869, for the following Supplies, to be delivered as required, on the line of the Erie and Atlantic and Great Western Railways, for the use of said Railway Companies to 1st January, 1870:

Railroad Castings of all descriptions;
Railroad Spikes;
Railroad Chairs;
Track Bolts and Nuts;
Hot and Cold Pressed Nuts and Bolts;
Fish Plates;
Bar and Round Iron, "refined;"
Boiler and Sheet Iron;
Pig Iron, "Anthracite;"
Pig Iron, "Charcoal" equal to "Salisbury;"
Wrought Iron Axles, to order;
Frog Steel, "to order;"
Steel Frog Plates and Points, "to order;"
Spring Steel;
Steel Axles, to order;
Cut Nails and Spikes;
Wrought Nails and Spikes;
Georgia Pine, to order;
Chains;
Lard Oil;
Bell Rope;
Hay;
Shovels.

The deliveries to be made in such quantities as may from time to time be determined upon by the Company, after the acceptance of the tender.

Parties bidding must state the quality of the material offered, and at what point delivered, also furnish samples when required.

Payments in cash, as customary with this Company.

The Company reserve the right to reject any bids, which must be enclosed, sealed, and addressed to

GEO C. HALL Purch. Agent,
1 Erie Block, foot Reade St., New York.
je21:k74-MWF

LIVERY STABLES.

JOHN H. STEWART.....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.

ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,

LIVERY, SALE AND

COMMISSION STABLES

COR. SEVENTH AVENUE & LIBERTY ST.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ap26:h4

NOTICES.

☞**PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD CO.**

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT, PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 2, 1869.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY.

All Stockholders, as registered on the Books of this Company on the 30th day of April, 1869, will be entitled to subscribe for TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. of their respective interests in New Stock, at par, as follows:

First. Fifty per cent. at the time of subscription, between the 15th day of May, 1869, and the 30th day or June, 1869.

Second. Fifty per cent. between the 15th day of November, 1869, and the 31st day of December, 1869; or, if Stockholders should prefer, the whole amount may be paid up at the time of subscription, and each instalment so paid up shall be entitled to a pro rata of the Dividend that may be declared on full shares.

Third. That every Stockholder holding less than four shares, shall be entitled to subscribe for one share; and those holding more than a multiple of four shares shall be entitled to subscribe for an additional share.

Fourth. All shares upon which instalments are yet to be paid under Resolution of May 13, 1868, will be entitled to their allotment of the Twenty-five per cent. at par, as though they were paid in full.

mys:108 THOMAS T. FIRTH, Treasurer.

☞**NOTICE.**

CITY TAXES, 1869.

In accordance with Section 6th, Page 298 of City Digest,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

TO THE

CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH,

That the assessments for 1869 of City, City Building, Special, Poor, Business, City School and Ward School Taxes and City Water Rents have been returned to me for collection.

The above taxes are subject to a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENTUM if paid on or before the

First Day of August,

and TWO PER CENTUM if paid between the

FIRST DAY OF AUGUST

AND THE

FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

☞No deduction will be allowed on taxes paid between September fifteenth and October first

☞An addition of five per centum will be made to all taxes unpaid October first, and an additional five per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on November first.

A. J. COCHRAN,
CITY TREASURER, 4th AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, July 2, 1869. e5:168

DIVIDENDS.

☞**DIVIDEND.**

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAS CO., July 12th, 1869.

The Trustees of the Pittsburgh Gas Company have this day declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share of the Capital Stock, payable on demand at the office of the Company.

jy13:m10 W. H. McCLELLAND, Treas'r.

☞**THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS** of the NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 23 Diamond, Allegheny, have declared a dividend of TWO DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share out of the profits of the last six months, payable on and after the 15th inst.

jy12:m9 JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

OFFICE ARTIZAN'S INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, July 7, 1869.

☞**THE DIRECTORS OF THIS** Company have this day declared a dividend of FOUR DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS per share, out of the profits of the last six months, to be credited on the stock rates.

jy12:m10 J. G. COFFIN, Secretary.

☞**DIVIDEND.—The Board of** Managers of the MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS a share on the stock of said Company, payable forthwith to the stockholders or their legal representatives, at the office of said Company, No. 94 DIAMOND STREET, Pittsburgh, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

WILLIAM BAKEWELL, Treasurer.
PITTSBURGH, July 8th, 1869. jy9:194

OFFICE OF THE BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 41 Ohio Street. ALLEGHENY, PA., July 6th, 1869.

☞**THE DIRECTORS OF THE** BEN FRANKLIN INSURANCE COMPANY have this day declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS PER SHARE out of the profits of the last six months, payable in cash on and after WEDNESDAY, July 14th, 1869. GEORGE D. ELD, Secretary.

jy8:190

☞**DIVIDEND.—The President** and Directors of the BIRMINGHAM and PITTSBURGH BRIDGE CO. have declared a Dividend of ONE DOLLAR and FIFTY CENTS per share out of the earnings of the past six months, payable forthwith.

EDWARD MOYE, Treasurer,
185 Liberty street.
jy7:168

MERCHANTS & MANUFACTURER'S NAT. BANK, PITTSBURGH, July 6th, 1869.

☞**DIVIDEND.—The Directors** of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last six months, payable forthwith, free of all taxes.

jy7:170 JOHN SCOTT JR., Cashier.

OFFICE OF THE CASH INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, July 6, 1869.

☞**DIVIDEND.—The Board of** Directors of this Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE DOLLARS PER SHARE out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of Government tax.

JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
jy7:173

ALLEGHENY NATIONAL BANK, July 3d, 1869.

☞**THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS** of this Bank have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of SIX PER CENT., payable to the stockholders forthwith, free of all taxes. R. W. MACKEY,
jy5:166 Cashier

PITTSBURGH, JULY 3. NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, No. 423 Penn Street.

☞**THE DIRECTORS OF THIS** BANK have declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on or after the 12th inst., free of Government tax.

jy5 ROBT. J. GRIER, Cashier.

☞**QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.** FIRST NATIONAL BANK PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company.)

The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of THREE PER CENT. on the Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last three months, payable forthwith, free of State and Government Tax.

J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.
JULY 5, 1869. jy5:162

PITTSBURGH, July 1, 1869.

☞**THE MECHANICS NATIONAL** BANK will pay a dividend of EIGHT (8) PER CENT., free of taxes, on and after July 13th inst. JNO. G. MARTIN,
jy2:132 Cashier.

TRADESMENS NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.

☞**DIVIDEND.—The Directors** of this Bank have this day declared a dividend of FIVE PER CENT., payable on demand, free of all tax.

jy2:131 CYRUS CLARK, Jr., Cashier.

OFFICE PENNA. INSURANCE CO., PITTSBURGH, June 30, 1869.

☞**THE DIRECTORS OF THIS** Company have this day declared a dividend of THREE (3) PER CENT. out of the profits of the last six months, payable on demand, free of U. S. tax.

jy1:129 HUGH McELHENY, Secretary.

OFFICE ALLEGHENY BRIDGE COMPANY, PITTSBURGH, July 1st, 1869.

☞**DIVIDEND.—The President** and Managers and Company, for erecting a bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, in the county of Allegheny, have this day declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR AND SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS on each share of the capital stock of the Company, payable to stockholders or their legal representatives by the Treasurer forthwith.

WM. ROSEBURG, Treasurer.
jy2:133

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞**SCHENCK'S PULMONIC** SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the livor and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abscesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 225 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each, making it not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. mv19:151-d&F

☞**DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES** TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficient, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, soothing and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelopes. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps.* ap2

☞**ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE.**—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. mv13:j22

☞**BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.**

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. mv21:j62

☞**EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED**—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease.* Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

☞**THE MARRIAGE RING.**—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j62-d&F

ASSESSMENTS.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., July 12, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessments for Grading and Paving of ALLEGHENY AVENUE, from Western to South Avenues. Also the assessment for Grading of FRAZIER STREET from Western to Ohio Avenues, are now ready for examination, and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer, until July 20th, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS,
jy13:m15 CITY ENGINEER.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 10, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Elm street (Bloomfield) from Main street to the Pennsylvania Railroad, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, July 21st, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection. H. J. MOORE,
jy10:m2 City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, July 3, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading and Paving FOSTER'S ALLEY, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley Railrord, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until WEDNESDAY, July 14, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.
jy5 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 1st, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the Boardwalk on Boundary and Laurel streets is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until MONDAY, July 12th, 1869, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
jy1:128 City Engineer.

REBECCA STREET.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed viewers to assess damages and benefits for opening Rebecca street, First ward, Allegheny, from Craig to Federal street, will meet on the premises to attend to duties of their appointment, on WEDNESDAY, July 28d, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M.

JOHN RAMSEY,
A. HOSON,
jy5:165 A. M. MARSHALL.

SEDGEWICK STREET.—The undersigned, appointed to assess damages and benefits for opening Sedgewick street, Sixth ward, City of Allegheny, will meet on the premises on FRIDAY, July 23d, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M., to attend to duties of their appointment.

T. J. HERMANN,
LEONARD WALTER,
jy5:165 THOMAS SMITH.

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paints and Patent Medicines. ja5:29

FOR SALE

FOR SALE OR RENT.

An elegant new Brick Dwelling, 7 rooms, attic and wash room.

House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 16th ward, $1,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 16th ward, $1,500.
House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 17th ward, $3,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 17th ward, $2,400.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $2,600.
House of 3 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $800.
10 lots, Siebert & Williams' plan, $700 to $800.
2 lots, 44th street, $1,200 each.
4 lots, 45th street, $1,000 each.
3 lots, Hatfield street, $800 each
1 lot, Sherman street, $7.50.
5 lots, 40th street, 20x240, $12,000.
4 lots, Butler street, $4,000.

BARGAINS IN BLOOMFIELD.

Lots 20x157 feet, $600; ten years to pay. A house cost $500; interest on both, $66 a year. Many pay $180 year rent. At Bloomfield you would save $114 a year and your house and lot in less than 10 years. Churches and schools near.

30 acres of land, a mile from Sharpsburg, $6,000; 25 acres of it, $3,500.

D. S. WILLIAMS, 17th ward.

VALUABLE COAL LANDS IN VIRGINIA FOR SALE OR LEASE.—The undersigned, in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Henrico, in the State of Virginia, made on the 3d day of May, 1869, will receive PROPOSALS IN WRITING, either for the PURCHASE OR LEASE, from and after the 31st DECEMBER, 1869, for the whole, or any part, of the COAL LANDS situate in Chesterfield county, Va., belonging to the Chesterfield Coal and Iron Mining Company.

The lands cost said Company more than $300,000. The mines which they contain have been and are now being profitably worked by the present lessees, and the property is considered of great value for its coal and iron ore.

The different tracts are known as follows:

"WOOLDRIDGE'S and FALLING CREEK," containing about TWO HUNDRED AND FOUR ACRES;
"BLACK HEATH," NINETY-NINE ACRES;
"BARKER and BRANCH'S," NINETY-NINE ACRES;
"HARVIE and HARRIS'," TWO HUNERED AND TWENTY-FOUR ACRES;
"CULLINS'," SEVENTY-SIX ACRES;
"MARTIN'S," (one tract,) THIRTY ACRES;
"MARTIN'S," (another tract,) THREE HUNDRED AND TWENTY-SIX ACRES;
"SALLE PITS," TWO HUNDRED ACRES, and a COAL-YARD and LAND attached thereto, on James river, opposite Richmond, containing upwards of FOUR ACRES.

Inquiries and proposals may be addressed to the undersigned, Postoffice Box 342, Richmond, Va., until the 20th day of October, A. D. 1869.

It is recommended that the proposals be made as specific as possible since the decree requires them to be reported to the Court for its approval or disapproval at the next term, commencing on the 25th day of October, 1869.

ANDREW JOHNSTON,
POWHATAN ROBERTS,
j 1 Special Commissioners.

"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY

FOR SALE.

This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 75 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. je15:k46

FOR SALE.

3 lots in Mansfield, 60x120 each. 11 acres of land, grapery, peaches and small fruit, good spring of water, log house, &c; price low. 70 acres, Economy township, Beaver Co; price $75 per acre; good orchard of 300 bearing fruit trees. House of 7 rooms, 1½ miles from Economy station. 1,100 acres, Gilmore Co., West Va.; good soil, well timbered and watered; price $4 per acre. 205 acres, same county, good home and orchard; price $8 per acre. 1,240 acres, Braxton Co., west Va; rich soil and well timbered; price $3.50 per acre.

Bonds and Mortgages wanted by

THOS. SIMPSON & R. M. HOLLAND

89 GRANT STREET
je16 Office, back room.

FOR SALE.

Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,

TWO LOTS,

Containing About Two Acres Each.

ENQUIRE OF

W. MACKEOWN & BRO.,

195 Liberty Street.
mh15

FARM FOR SALE.

A GOOD FARM, in West Deer township, Allegheny county, 10 miles from Sharpsburg. A FRAME TWO STORY HOUSE, of six rooms; CELLAR under all house; also, a LARGE FRAME BARN, 58x38 feet, and other outbuildings. A

Young Orchard of Choice Fruit Trees, &c.

For particulars call on the premises, or at JOHN W. BRYSON'S, 349 Liberty street, or address WILLIAM BRYSON, Rural Ridge P. O., Allegheny county, Pa. jy10:197

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE.—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.

Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
fe26 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—situated in Allegheny township, Westmoreland county, 10 minutes walk from McKeans station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Contains 104 acres, 60 of which are cleared; all under fence; balance valuable timber; underlayed with coal, 4 foot vein. Hewed Log House and Barn; an orchard of 140 trees, grafted; the place is well watered and in a good neighborhood. For price and terms apply to B. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth avenue.

DESIRABLE DWELLING HOUSE IN ALLEGHENY CITY FOR SALE.—A well built two story Brick House, of hall, seven rooms and cellar; gas and water fixtures; lot twenty feet front by one hundred and ten de

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE is *furnished in the city the six days of the week for 15 cents per week; by mail, $8 per annum: 3 mos., $2.*

For Sale.—In Allegheny City, a route that will pay over $20 per week. Must be a sober, energetic man, and resident in Allegheny. Apply at GAZETTE office to-day.

Boy Drowned.—Monday evening, about six o'clock, a little boy aged five years, son of Abner Lloyd, residing at O'Neil's Coal Works, at Pine Run, was drowned in the Monongahela river at that place.

Not Burned.—The carpenter shop at the corner of Townsend and Pasture streets was not burned to the ground. A fire occurred in the shop on Thursday evening last, but the only damage done was the burning of a few shavings.

Arrested and Jailed.—Ann Conner alleged before Alderman McMasters, yesterday, that James Marks had committed an assault and battery upon her by striking and kicking her. Marks was arrested and committed to jail for trial.

Stock Sale.—The following stocks were sold last evening on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield street, by A. McIlwaine, auctioneer:

Exchange National Bank	$70 00
Bank of Pittsburgh	70 50
M. and M. National Bank	67 50
Allegheny Suspension Bridge	47 50

Attention, Smith.—A vender of spirits—lager at least—named Smith, the back portion of whose premises is in easy hearing distance of our sanctum, is the apparent proprietor of a dog, whose existence we are desirous should be terminated without delay. We might be content with the removal of the dog elsewhere, were it not that some other mortal might be disturbed as we have been for many nights past with unceasing, dismal howling. If Mr. S. regards his dog worth more than a "button," he will muzzle the nuisance.

Alleged False Pretence.—Wm. Knoll made information before Alderman McMasters, yesterday, against David Hamm for false pretence. The defendant was proprietor of a livery stable in Birmingham, which he sold out to the prosecutor, representing, it is alleged, that $2,500 was due the establishment, accounts for which he placed in the hands of the purchaser. Knoll further alleges, that when he attempted to collect the bills he found Hamm had been ahead of him and received the money, hence the suit. The accused was arrested and gave bail for a hearing.

Crushed to Death.

Yesterday morning Charles Butler, an employe in the Fort Pitt Foundry, came to his death in a very painful manner. He was engaged about one of the large water pipes, which are being made for the St. Louis Water Works, when the immense casting, weighing about five tons, by some accident turned over, catching him underneath, breaking his neck and crushing him to death instantly. The deceased was a native of England, about forty-five years of age, and had been working at the foundry about three years. None of his relatives or friends are living in this country, so far as could be ascertained. Coroner Clawson held an inquest upon the remains, when a verdict of accidental death was rendered, after which they were taken in charge by Mr. W. H. Devore, who will bury them this morning at the expense of the Company.

Robbed While Asleep.

Monday evening Mr. John Duffey, a resident of Newark, New Jersey, while on the train, returning home from a business trip to Ohio, was robbed of his gold watch and a pocket book containing forty-five dollars in cash, and his ticket. He had taken the express train on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad at Mount Vernon, Ohio, and, being tired and sleepy, took a nap in the car, there being but three or four passengers with him at the time. Yesterday morning, upon arriving at the Union Depot, he discovered his loss, but could form no idea of the rascal who made him a victim. The watch was taken from his vest and the pocket book from his pants pocket. The time piece, together with the chain, was worth between three and four hundred dollars, and was especially valued by Mr. Duffey because of its being presented to his father by the City Councils of New Orleans. He proceeded on his journey and left the matter in the hands of detectives, although he has no hopes of ever recovering the property.

A Brutal Assault.

Yesterday evening about three o'clock, one of the Lieutenants of the police, accompanied by an officer, while passing down Penn street, near Twenty-seventh, saw a man thrown or dragged violently out of a saloon, and left lying on the sidewalk. Being some distance off, at the time, they hurried up and found the man in a beastly state of intoxication, and his face and body gave evidence of rough usage. His clothes were torn and bloody, and his face was bruised, swollen and cut in several places. They had him placed in a wagon and conveyed to the lock-up, where it was discovered that his pockets had been turned wrong side out and emptied of their contents.

The unfortunate creature was too drunk to speak, and consequently could not tell his name or anything connected with the circumstance. He is an Irishman, apparently about thirty years of age, and was respectably clad. Whether he was robbed or not, will probably be ascertained this morning, but that he was most brutally assaulted and abused, was plainly evident from his condition and appearance.

Always Fresh.

One reason of the great success of Semple's dry goods establishment is the fact that the goods on sale there are always new and fresh, which is accounted for by the manner in which the trade is conducted. Every article brought into the store is at first marked down to the lowest figure, and hence the sales are very rapid, as purchasers quickly perceive where they can get the best bargains. By this means Mr. Semple is compelled to replenish his stock continually, and purchasers thus have the benefit of selecting from perfectly new attractions, besides having the double advantage in the bargains he is enabled to make by being always in the market himself as a wholesale purchaser. At present he has an excellent assortment of summer goods, which embraces all the newest and most beautiful styles and patterns. In the wholesale trade he is prepared to offer superior inducements to cash buyers. In this line his goods are sold at the lowest eastern quotations, and purchasers are thus saved the shipping and freight expense, which will considerably lessen the cost of goods. Wholesale purchasers should make a note of this important fact and remember it when replenishing their assortments.

CENTRAL BOABD OF EDUCATION.

Regular Meeting—Report of the Principal of the High School—The High School Building—Soldiers' Monument—Colored School, &c., &c.

A regular meeting of the Central Board of Education was held yesterday, at the rooms of the Board, in the High School building, corner of Wood street and Sixth avenue.

Members present—Messrs. Thomas Aiken, Samuel Chadwick, Thomas J. Craig, James Cuddy, James A. Duncan, Lewis J. Fleming, Adams Getty, John Harrison, Joseph Hartman, P. H. Laufman, William Mays, Joseph Mitchell, Joseph H. Nobbs, John A. Sergeant, Thomas W. Shaw, James M. Taylor, John Wilson, President.

The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved.

PRINCIPAL'S REPORT.

The Secretary read the report of the Principal of the High School, from which we take the following:

ATTENDANCE—HIGH SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

Males	58
Females	77
Total	135

NORMAL DEPARTMENT.

Males	1
Females	51
Total	52

COMMERCIAL DEPARTMENT.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
From High School	17	0	17
From Normal Departm't	1	6	7
Others	70	0	70
Total attendance	88	6	94

RECAPITULATION.

	Males.	Females.	Total.
High School	58	77	135
Normal	1	68	69
Commercial School	70	00	70
Total	129	145	274

Sixteen scholars graduated and received diplomas from the High School during the present year—7 males and 9 females; Commercial Department, 10 males and 1 female; Normal Department, 5 females; making a total of 34 graduates from all departments.

The Principal reports that a number of applicants for admission to the High School, who had not attained the required standard at the first examination, presented themselves for re-examination and a number of them had attained the average upon which applicants had been admitted.

The report recommended the purchase of instruments for surveying and engineering, which could be obtained for $250.

The report recommends the overhauling of the library and that a number of new books be placed therein.

A number of other recommendations of minor importance were contained in the report.

The report was received and the matter pertaining to the purchase of instruments and the library were referred to the Committee on High School, with power to act.

SECRETARY'S REPORT.

Mr. Sergeant, Secretary, reported that warrants had been drawn by him during the past month amounting to $13,605 32.

The report was received.

HIGH SCHOOL BUILDING.

Mr. Harrison, Chairman of the Committee on High School Building, submitted the following report:

GENTLEMEN: The Committee on High School Building would respectfully recommend that the contract for the carpenter work, the balance of the stone work, and the brick work, be made at as early a day as practicable.

The Committee would also recommend the use of the same kind of stone for the upper structure as that used in the basement, and that for the face of the building the stone shall be fine picked work, with one inch cut or draft border, and that the trimmings be rubbed work. Respectfully submitted.

The report was received and the recommendations of the Committee adopted.

MUSIC TEACHERS ELECTED.

Mr. Sergeant, Secretary, read the report of the Committee on Music, in which Messrs. W. B. Slack, J. M. Darling, Harry Horner and Wm. Slack were nominated as music teachers.

Mr. Hartman moved that the report be accepted and the recommendations adopted.

Mr. Shaw moved to amend by substituting the name of Mr. Hughes for that of William Slack.

Mr. Hartman moved to lay the amendment on the table. Lost.

The question then recurred on the amendment, and the yeas and nays were called with the following result:

Ayes—Messrs. Aiken, Cuddy, Getty, Humbert, Mitchell, Nobbs, Shaw and Taylor—8.

Nays—Messrs. Chadwick, Craig, Fleming, Harrison, Hartman, Laufman, Mays, Sergeant and President Wilson—9.

So the amendment was lost.

Mr. Hartman moved that the gentleman recommended in the report be elected as music teacher for the ensuing year.

The motion was adopted, and on motion of Mr. Nobbs, the election was made unanimous.

Minus Tindle, Collector of Second ward, was, on motion, allowed exoneration to the amount of $291.40.

THE SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

Mr. Hartman offered the following resolution:

WHEREAS, The Committee who have in hand the erection of the Soldiers' Monument, have petitioned the city authorities to provide a suitable site for the erection of said monument; and

WHEREAS, The High School lot, situated at Fulton street and Bedford avenue, on many accounts commends itself to the favorable consideration of the whole community; therefore,

Resolved, That the Central Board of Education cordially tender a sufficient portion of the said lot for the uses of said monument.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Mr. Aiken called up the unfinished business.

The report of the Committee on Teachers and Salaries was then taken up. The minutes showed that the report of the Committee relative to the Highland district, which was allowed one Principal and five assistants, had been decided in the negative.

On motion of Mr. Craig the action of the Board was reconsidered.

On motion of Mr. Laufman the report was confirmed.

Mr. Aiken moved to reconsider the action of the Board relative to Colfax District. Adopted.

Mr. Aiken moved that the district be allowed one Principal and one assistant. Adopted.

The report of the Committee, which allowed teachers as follows, was read and adopted:

	Principal.	Assistants.
Lincoln	1	5
Liberty	1	9
Moorhead	1	12
Lawrence	1	7
Mt. Albion	1	1
North	1	7
Minersville	1	5
Oakland	1	7
O'Hara	1	14
Peebles	1	3
Rawlston	1	15
South	1	8
Washington	1	11
Franklin	1	13
Howard	1	3
Colored School	1	2

Mr. Hartman moved a reconsideration of the action of the Board, relative to the salaries of Music Teachers, which was fixed at $1,000. The motion was lost.

TEACHERS ELECTED.

Mr. Nobbs moved that the Board proceed to elect Teachers for the High School. Adopted.

Mr. Nobbs then moved that the present faculty be re-elected. Adopted.

The faculty is now constituted as follows:

Principal and Prof. of Mathamatical Science—Philotus Dean.
Prof of Belles Lettres—C. A. Kenaston.
" " Mathematics—H W. Bancroft.
" " Languages—Jno. H. Crumb.
" " Physics—Chas. B. Wood.
" " Com'l Science—R. Johnson.
Teacher of Mechanical drawing—Miss Rachael E. Henderson.
Teacher of Freehand Drawing—Miss Agnes C. Way.
Preceptress—Miss Sarah A. Rutledge.
Janitor—Hugh Boyce.

COLORED SCHOOLS.

Mr. Mays presented an application from some society, asking the use of a room in the Colored School building. Laid on the table.

Also, a petition from a number of colored people, asking for the election of Mr. J. B. Taylor as Principal of the Colored Schools.

Mr. Nobbs moved to lay the petition on the table. Lost.

Mr. Shaw moved to refer the petition to the Committee on Colored Schools. Adopted.

On motion of Mr. Shaw, the election of teachers for the Colored School was postponed until next meeting.

Mr. Sergeant, Secretary, presented sundry bills, which were ordered to be paid.

On motion of Mr. Shaw, James Trimble, Collector of the Eleventh ward, was allowed exonerations amounting to $356 06.

On motion, adjourned.

THE COURTS.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Sterrett.

TUESDAY, July 13.—The jury in the case of Andrew Marks and Willian Titus, indicted for the larceny of a sheep, found a verdict of not guilty as to Marks, and guilty as to William Titus. Sentence deferred.

Samuel Jones, indicted for the larceny of three dollars and twenty-five cents from A. Weisler. The jury found a verdict of not guilty.

Joseph Stewart, indicted for burglary, was next arraigned. Defendant was charged with having burglariously entered the store and dwelling of Mrs. Mooney, on Jackson street, Second ward, Allegheny, on the night of the 19th of May last. Jury out.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. Mrs. Elizabeth Eberle, indicted for fortune telling, was next called. The information in this case was made before Justice Ammon, of East Birmingham, by one Mary Miller. It is set forth that "the defendant did, for gain or lucre, predict future events by cards, at the house of one Schmidt, No. 87 Market street, and one Pipes, No. 43 Market street, Pittsburgh." Mrs. Miller, the prosecuting witness, testified that the defendant had pretended at various times to predict future events in her life; she professed to be able to read her future in a dirty pack of cards; for doing these things the defendant charged witness a fee of twenty-five cents for each time she told her fortune. Witness further testified that the defendant told her upon one occasion that she would be an object of interest to three gentlemen; that one of them had red hair, another light hair, and the third dark hair; that the dark-haired gentleman would come from California with plenty of gold. The witness was constrained to appeal to the law because the defendant made mischief in her family. Another pert young Miss testified that the defendant had told her fortune, and that of a gentleman friend; the gentleman paid her a half dollar. The evidence of guilt was very conclusive, and the jury found a verdict of guilty without leaving the box.

TRIAL LIST FOR WEDNESDAY.

389. Com. vs. Stewart Sampson.
321. " Samuel Moore et al.
76. " Arthur Graham and Wm. Lehman.
326. " Patrick Murphy et al.
356. " David Hawthorn et al.
435. " James Lindsay,
437. " John G. Fredberger et al.
394. " J. Meyor.
396. " John Boon.
413. " B. G. Morrison.

The Sunday Question.

The interest manifested by the community at large on the Sunday question has not yet subsided, but appears to be on the increase. The people generally are anxious to know what course the "informers" will pursue in the matter, and the "informors" evince a strong desire to keep that matter a secret. They commenced operations, however, on a small scale, by making information before Alderman Neeper, Monday evening, which was not publicly known, until last evening, against James Murphy and John Harmon, drivers on the Minersville Passenger Railway, and R. Law, a driver on the Oakland Railway, charging these gentlemen with "performing worldly employment on the Sabbath day, commonly called Sunday." The accused were held for a hearing on Thursday next at two o'clock P. M.

A deputation from the Committee waited upon His Honor, Mayor Brush, last evening, and stated that they would make several informations before him this morning. It is stated, however, by those who profess to be authentically informed, that the Committee propose only to bring their test cases before the Mayors of the two cities, and that the great bulk of the informations will be made before the Aldermen. We are informed that several informations have been made before one of the Allegheny Aldermen, but we could not ascertain the names of the parties prosecuted.

A Brother Shoots His Brother.

A sad accident, says the Titusville *Herald*, occurred on Sunday evening last in Oil Creek township, about six miles from that city, on the Spring Creek road, by which Mr. Peter Acker came to his death. The deceased, in company with his brother, Mr. A. Acker, and James Cochran, went out deer hunting on Sunday last, with the understanding that the former should station himself on one lick and watch for the game, and the other two of the party were to take their position near another lick for the same purpose. Unfortunately, Mr. Peter Acker left his post, and about eight o'clock P. M. directed his steps towards his brother's, who, hearing the foot-fall in the lick, incontinently fired at the object. The darkness of the scene prevented recognition, though the brothers were only about thirteen yards apart when the shot-gun was fired. The fatal piece was loaded with three balls and a slung shot, which took instant effect in the left breast of the unhappy man, who fell to the ground and almost at the same moment expired. The grief of the brother when he discovered his fatal but irrepairable mistake is described as almost frantic and alarming. The deceased was about thirty-five years of age, and leaves a wife and three children.

NEW EDUCATIONAL ENTERPRISE.

Presbyterian Female College—The Preliminary Measures.

For some time past the practicability of establishing a Presbyterian Female College in this vicinity has been under consideration by some of the leading members in that religious organization, and last evening a public meeting was held in the lecture room of the Second Presbyterian Church (Rev. Dr. Howard's) to test the interest felt in the enterprise, and institute measures for its establishment.

The meeting was organized at eight o'clock, Geo. A. Berry, Esq., being called to the chair, and Mr. John S. Slagle appointed Secretary. Rev. W. T. Beatty opened the proceedings with prayer, after which the Chairman read the call for the meeting, as explanatory of its object. The call in substance set forth that the necessity for the establishment of a Female college of a high grade to be under the control of the Presbyterian denomination was daily becoming more apparent; that the project had been discussed frequently, and that as an indentive to active and immediate work the Presbyterian congregation at Shady Side had subscribed the sum of $20,000 for the building of the same, which, according to estimates made, was about one-fifth of the amount needed to complete the enterprise.

Following the reading of the call, the Rev. W. T. Beatty, of the Shady Side Church, offered the following resolutions:

Resolved, That for the following reasons we regard an institution of the character suggested, in the highest degree desirable. First—That the standard of female education in our city and community may be elevated. Second—That the same advantages for obtaining a thorough classical education may be brought within the reach of the young women of our community, as those which are now enjoyed by our young men. Third—That the means of obtaining a finished education may be brought within the reach of the largest number possible. Fourth—That Presbyterians may control the education of their daughters.

Resolved, That we therefore earnestly recommend this important enterprise to the liberality of the people.

Resolved, That we recommend the appointment of a financial agent, and a committee from each co-operative church, to assist said agent in canvassing their respective congregations.

Resolved, That the Revs. Scovel, Noble and Reid be appointed a Committee to employ an agent, appoint the other Committees referred to, and assist in whatever may be possible in carrying into effect the object at which we aim.

Considerable discussion ensued upon the adoption of the resolutions.

It was suggested that Revs. Swift and Beatty be added to the Central Committee.

Rev. Swift said he did not desire to be a member of the committee. He was heartily in favor of the project, and felt that it should be carried out, but a similar idea had been advanced in Allegheny, which might lead to the organizatton of an excellent institution there. If this movement progressed, he felt that he must lend his aid to its advancement, although he did not wish to be considered as antagonistic to a school as proposed in the resolutions.

Mr. Slagle had the same feeling in reference to a school in Allegheny, where he resided, and where he thought a good institution of learning was needed. He thought, however, there was ample room for both institutions. He favored the idea of making the school as proposed in the resolutions, of the highest order of merit, a "finishing school" where all who desired to complete an education might be afforded the greatest facilities for so doing. He felt ready to lend his influence and pecuniary support to such an institution, while at the same time he labored as earnestly for the establishment of an institution in Allegheny, which might either be as a preparatory department to the main organization or equal it if properly supported, and found to be necessary.

Rev. Mr. Beatty said the church at Shady Side had proposed their donation of $20,000 for the enterprise, upon the condition that the school be located at that point. There were others, however, who would subscribe to the fund, and if they desired a different location, the matter could easily be arranged. The Presbyterians at Shady Side in making their offer, held as their first and primary object the establishment of a first grade educational institution, and were willing to make any reasonable concession, in reference to the minor details.

Mr. Renshaw, as a member of the Shady Side congregation, concurred in the idea that a good school was the first object of the Shady Side people in donating their money. They wanted an institution which would afford every facility for a finished and thorough education, and do away with the necessity which now existed of sending their daughters to schools under the control of other denominations, or sending them away from home and at great expense, to high grade Presbyterian schools elsewhere. He thought the money might be raised and the location made afterwards.

Rev. Mr. Swift thought every subscriber would first want to know the location, and that this would determine in a measure his subscription.

Rev. Mr. Schriver said a good plan would be to announce that the district raising the most money would have the choice of locating the College. This would cause a spirit of emulation in the matter, and have the effect of getting the funds secured much sooner. He had tried this plan in establishing a college in New Jersey and raised ten thousand dollars and ten acres of land in two days, where, otherwise, five hundred dollars could not have been raised.

After some further brief remarks, Revs. Swift and Beatty were added to the Central Committee, and the resolutions unanimously adopted.

The Committee was then instructed to employ the agent, appoint the remaining Committees and proceed with the work immediately, after which the meeting adjourned.

Robbed in a Railway Car.

Mr. John Duffy, a passenger on the Chicago express train east, on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, was robbed some time Monday night, between Mount Vernon, Ohio, and this city, of a gold watch and chain worth about $300, and his pocket book containing forty-five dollars and a through ticket to Newark, New Jersey. Mr. D. is a resident of the latter place, but was recently employed as superintendent of the new iron works at Mount Vernon, Ohio, where he had been on business, and was on his way home when he was robbed. He went to sleep in the car, and did not discover the robbery until he was awakened by the porter after the train had arrived in this city.

House and Lot, corner of Bank lane and Balkam street, Allegheny city, will be sold at Orphans' Court sale this (Wednesday) morning, July 14th, at 10 o'clock.

JOHN J. MILLER, Adm'r of S. J. Shannon,
A. M. BROWN, Attorney.

Election of Teachers.

The following teachers have been elected for the ensuing year in the wards named:

SECOND WARD, PITTSBURGH.

At a meeting of the School Board of the Second ward, or south sub-district, yesterday, the following named persons were elected teachers to fill the vacancies occasioned by resignation: Senior Female Primary Department, Miss Bella Moffatt; Junior Male Primary Department, Miss Rachael Fowler.

We learn that there were about thirty applicants for the positions, all competent teachers, which rendered it a difficult matter for the Board to make a selection.

THIRD AND TENTH WARDS.

Principal—I. N. Stephenson. Grammar Department—Misses S. A. Wallace, M. J. Graham and E. Johnston. Intermediate Department—Misses Ida T. McClaren, F. M. Cougher, L. Crooks and J. Mitchell. Primary Department—Misses M. McNight, N. F. Hebron, J. Hastings, M. J. McElroy, M. J. McCain, Maggie McElroy and E. Montgomery.

FOURTH WARD, ALLEGHENY.

Sandusky Street House: Principal—John Morrow. Assistant—Miss S. A. Hamilton. Grammar Department—Misses E. Davidson, M. Wallace, M. C. Hays. Medium Department—Misses R. Witherow, Sarah Smith, M. A. Duncan. Primary Department—Sarah C. Smith, Ella Selbert, M. Hammill. *Liberty Street House:* Principal—William A. Johnson. Assistant—Miss Mary Morton. Grammar Department—Misses Ella Jamison, Mattie Boggs. Medium Department—Misses Mary A. Hunter, M. White. Primary Department—Misses Mollie Hamilton, E. Chambers, M. F. Matchett. Writing Teacher for both Houses—Miss E. A. McKinley.

FIFTH WARD, ALLEGHENY.

Mr. James Conroy, Principal. Miss Ellen M. May, Assistant Principal. Grammar Department—Miss Selina Ackley, Principal; Miss Emma J. Hemiup, No. 2; Miss Annie M. Schreiber, No. 1. Intermediate Department—Miss Lina Anderson, No. 3; Miss Sallie A. Johnston, No. 2; Miss Sophia Lenkard, No. 1. Primary Department—Miss L. H. Cubbage, No. 4; Miss E. E. Agnew, No. 3; Miss Ella Matthews, No. 2; Miss Lucy Rodgers, No. 1.

SIXTH WARD, ALLEGHENY.

Principal—B. F. Gamber. Assistant—Miss M. E. Bailey. Grammar—1st, Miss Lide E. Wilson; 2d, Sarah F. Patton. Intermediate—1st, Miss Mary E. Kelly; 2d, Maggie I. Carrouthers; 3d, Miss S. M. Haller. Primary—1st Miss A. D. Miller; 2d, Maggie McQuigg; 3d, Amanda J. Bartley; 4th, Jennie S. Miller; 5th, Emma G. Boyd,

Temperance Affairs.

The Allegheny Temperance League held a regular meeting last evening in the Rev. McMillan's church, corner of Sandusky street and Gay alley, Fourth ward, Allegheny. Alderman Miller presided, with Messrs. Warren and Freeborn as Secretaries.

Rev. McMillan opened the proceedings with prayer.

After the reading of the minutes of the preceding meeting, the Rev. John McMillan, President elect for the ensuing year was introduced, and delivered an appropriate and stirring inaugural address.

The retiring President, Rev. E. E. Swift, was tendered a vote of thanks for his labors in behalf of the cause during the past year.

Rev. S. Y. Kennedy was then introduced and delivered a lengthy address, after which a number of delegates were appointed to represent the League in a public meeting to be held in Mozart Hall, Seventh avenue, next Friday evening, for the purpose of considering the practicability of nominating a temperance candidate for County Commissioner.

Brief addresses followed by Mr. S. D. Foster, of Maine, Rev. J. J. McIllyar and Dr. O. L. Miller. The meeting then adjourned.

Larceny at a Boarding House.

Yesterday morning a young man, boarding at a house in the Third ward, Allegheny, went to his day's labor, leaving behind his pocket-book containing twenty dollars, which he had placed under his pillow when retiring the night before. He discovered in about an hour the absence of his purse, and returned to the house only to discover it missing, somebody having stolen it in the meantime. He at once suspected the servant girl who had cleaned the room after his departure, but she emphatically denied all knowledge of the affair. The pocket-book was subsequently found in the cesspool connected with the premises, but only contained seventeen dollars. Not satisfied with the girl's statement, the loser made information before Mayor Drum against her for larceny, but on a hearing of the case she was discharged, the evidence being insufficient to warrant her detention. Subsequently she appeared at the Mayor's office and confessed having taken the pocket-book and used the three dollars, but as the prosecutor had gone out of the city by this time she was not rearrested, and the Mayor dismissed her with a timely lecture.

Drowned—Coroner's Inquest.

Coroner Clawson yesterday held an inquest on the body of Thomas McDermott, a boy aged about fifteen years, who was drowned Monday evening in the Monongahela river, a shot distance above the suspension bridge, on the south Pittsburgh side. It appears that he in company with several other boys went into the river to bathe and being unable to swim, was wading in the water, when he suddenly stepped into water beyond his depth and was drowned. The body was recovered yesterday morning near the suspension bridge. The jury returned a verdict of accidental drowning.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

White Bedouins and Summer Shawls. Bates & Bell's.

Chapped Hands, face and all roughness of the skin, certainly cured by using the *Juniper Tar Soap*, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It surpasses all other remedies as it will prevent roughness of the skin if used during cold weather. It is easily applied, avoiding all the trouble of the greasy compounds now in use. It can be used by ladies with the most tender skin, without irritation or pain, making it soft and clear. Sold by the druggists generally. wT

Remnants of dress goods, silks and poplins and wool goods, cheap at J. M. Burchfield & Co.'s.

Thin Dress Goods, cheap, at Bates & Bell's.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

Lama Lace Manties, in variety, at Bates & Bell's.

Pittsburgh Saloons.

A gentleman, upon whose statement we can rely, and whose experience has been such as to fully qualify him to judge of such matters, in speaking of dining saloons and restaurants, yesterday, remarked to us that "in no city this side of the Atlantic were those institutions so admirably conducted as in Pittsburgh." Upon inquiry we ascertained that the aforesaid gentleman had just left the Continental Saloon, Fifth avenue, next door to the Postoffice, of which Mr. Holtzheimer is proprietor, where he despatched one of the excellent dinners which are daily served to the patrons of that establishment. This, of course, was a sufficient explanation, and we made no further inquiry.

Lawns, Organdies, Hermani, Grenadines, at Bates & Bell's.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

Lace Goods and Trimmings.

A purchasing visit to W. W. Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street, will, we think, convince any one that his stock of lace goods, trimmings, hosiery and gloves is one of the largest, best, and most judiciously selected in the city. It includes all the latest styles and patterns, of every grade and quality, and his prices are the most reasonable. Ladies, when out shopping, should remember this fact and call at No. 81 Market street, where at all times, they will find obliging salesmen, who take pleasure in exhibiting their splendid stock of goods to customers, whether they desire to purchase or not.

Japanese Silks—Reduced prices, at Bates & Bell's.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

Economical, Reliable, the Best.

We mean DOOLEY'S BAKING POWDER It is superior to all others in the market. Free from any injurious substances, and so nicely compounded that the contents of each box will make light, sweet, healthy biscuits, rolls, pastry, &c., with uniform success. Only two teaspoonfuls to a quart of flour is necessary, while those of ordinary manufacture require from one-third to a half more. Ask your grocer for Dooley's Chemical Yeast Baking Powder, and take no other. Try it and be convinced. MWF

"Fresh as a Maiden's Blush" is the pure peachy Complexion which follows the use Hagan's Magnolia Balm. It is the True Secret of Beauty. Fashionable Ladies in Society understand this.

The Magnolia Balm changes the rustic Country Girl into a City Belle more rapidly than any other one thing.

Redness, Sunburn, Tan, Freckles, Blotches and all effects of the Summer Sun disappear when it is used, and a genial, cultivated, fresh expression is obtained which rivals the Bloom of Youth. Beauty is possible to all who will invest 75 cents at any respectable store and insist on getting the Magnolia Balm.

USE NOTHING but Lyon's Kathairon to dress the Hair. MWFF.

Printed P. K's, worth one dollar, closing out at 50 cents. J. M. Burchfield & Co., No. 52 St. Clair street.

Silver Plating at No. 1 Sixth street.

The place to get White Lime, Calcined Plaster, Hydraulic Cement, is at Ecker & Caskey's, 13 Smithfield street.

DIED:

ZACHARIAS—Tuesday morning, July 13th, at 5 o'clock, ZACHARIAS, youngest child of Zacharias and Margaret Zacharias.

The funeral will take place TO-DAY at 4 o'clock from the residence of the parents, Forty-fifth street, (formerly St Mary's avenue,) near Centre street.

PARKE—At 8 P. M. Monday July 10th, HENRY L. PARKE, aged 38 years.

Funeral from residence of Capt. R. Greenlee, No. 29 Chartiers street, Allegheny, TO DAY, July 14th, at 2 o'clock.

GLASS—On Tuesday morning, July 13th, at 5 o'clock A. M., JENNIE S. GOODALL, wife of J. T. Glass, in the 23d year of age.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, 33 Franklin street, corner of Elm, Pittsburgh, to proceed to Chartiers Cemetery. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

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